ROME (R) — Prime Minister-designate Giovanni Goria said he was to tell President Francesco Cossiga Tuesday night that he was succeeded in forming Italy's 47th post-war government, ending a five-month political crisis. Christian Democrat Goria, 44 on Thursday, will be the youngest crisis. Christian Democrat Goria, 44 on Thursday, will be the youngest prime minister in the 40-year history of the Italian republic. He has been treasury minister for the past five years. Mr. Goria, who was charged by Mr. Cossiga with trying 10 form a government two weeks ago, said in a statement he was to confirm he could form the coalition government and present his list of ministers. It was not immediately clear whether the government, formed six weeks after a general election, would be a four or fine party coalition. But political sources expected it to be the source. five party coalition. But political sources expected it to be the same alliance of Christian Democrats, Socialists, Republicans, Social Democrats and Liberals which has ruled Italy for the last six years. The ministers are expected to be sworn in by Mr. Cossign on Wednesday and the government will then face confidence votes in both houses of parliament.

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Masri and Genscher discuss Gulf war

BONN (R) - The Jordanian and West German foreign ministers took time out on Tuesday from attending the Salzburg music festival to discuss the latest efforts to end the war between Iran and Iraq, the Bonn Foreign Ministry said. Taher Al Masri and his West German counterpart Hans-Dietrich Genscher took advantage of mutual private visits to the Austrian city to exchange views about the Middle East, the United Nations-sponsored effort to bring about a peace conference in the region. From the Gulf war viewpoint, the ministers paid tribute to last week's U.N. ceasefire resolution as an important acceptance by the organisation of its political responsibilities, the ministry said. Both men agreed on the significance of the role held by the U.N. secretary-general as a possible mediator in the conflict and both praised Iraq's acceptance of the resolution.

'Eid Al Adha begins Tuesday

- -

AMMAN (Petra) - Islamic Chief Justice Sheikh Mohammad Mheilan announced Tuesday that Eid Al Adha (Feast of the Sacrifice), which follows the annual pilgrimage to Mecca, begins on Tuesday Ang. 4. The announce-ment follows another by the Higher Council of Judges in Saudi Arabia that the gathering of pilgrims at Mount Arafat near Mecca for the final rites of the pilgrimage would be on Monday and that the feast begins Tuesday. In his announcement Sheikh Mheilan expressed good wishes to Arab and Islamie nations. More than 18,000 Jordanians are performing this year's pilgrimage in Mecca. Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat, who beads an official mission to the pilgrimage, met Tuesday with Prince Majed Ibn Abdul Aziz, governor of Mecca, and discussed arrangements for Jordanian pilgrims performing rites inside the Holy dan's appreciation for the care accorded to the Jordanian pilgrims by the Saudi government.

Jordan gets IDB loan

JEDDAH (OPECNA) — The executive board of the Islamic Development Bank (IDB) has approved a \$15 million loan to Jordan to finance import of refined petroleum products.

Thatcher urges Shamir to reconsider stand on peace forum

TEL AVIV (R) — British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher bas advised her Israeli counterpart, Yitzhak Shamir, to reconsider his opposition to a Middle East peace conference, Israel Radio said Tuesday. In a letter to the right-wing premier, Mrs. Thatcher said a U.N.-sponsored confersace provided the only means to achieve Middle East peace and said it would also be an invaluable opportunity to open the gates for thousands of Soviet Jews, the radio said. The radio quoted the letter as saying: "President Reagan and I vowed to work to advance the idea of an international conference and I advise you to reconsider the idea in a constructive spirit." Mr. Shamir's office declined to reveal the contents of the letter and would only say, "It is a private letter and Shamir has no response. He will send Thatcher a reply."

INSIDE

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- Turkey, page 7 Manila to get tough on U.S. bases, page 8

Iraq shoots down Syrian jet; Damascus demands explanation

Baghdad offers to return captured MiG-21 pilot

BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Iraq shot down a -more than three years ago of Syrian MiG-21 in its air space on Tuesday but said it was ready to hand over the captured pilot to Syria, which called the incident unjustified and demanded explana-

Iraq, which broke diplomatic relations with Syria in 1980 for helping its Gulf war enemy Iran, said anti-aircraft gunners downed the single-engine fighter at 10:30 a.m. (0639 GMT) near Al Qa'im town, on the Euphrates River some 320 kilometres northwest of Baghdad.

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said Iraq had told the Arab League of continued Syrian violations of its air space but expressed readiness to hand over the unnamed pilot.

In Damaseus, a military spokesman said Iraq's action was unjustified. He said the pilot had taken off from Deir-Ezzor airport m eastern Syria at 0607 GMT for a training mission and entered Iracii air space by mistake after losing his way.

"This behaviour is unjustified," and should be officially explained, the spokesman said.
"Many similar incidents involving Iraqi planes have occurred, but have not downed them," he

Al Qa'im lies about 20 kilometres inside Iraq, and a military statement in Baghdad indicated the plane crashed close to a phosphate complex 14 kilometres from the border with

belping Iranian warplanes attack Walid air base in Iraq's western border area near Syria and later strengthened its air defences in

the "repetition of Syrian penetra-tion" of Iraqi airspace "despite Iraq's warning to the Syrian government through the secretariat general of the Arab League."

Iraq complained to the Arab League of four Syrian warplanes violating Iraqi air space. The two countries severed ties

in 1979, and the border has been closed since 1982, so was an Iraqi ound pipeline across Syria to the Mediterranean.

The Iraqi Foreign Ministry, in a statement on Tuesday, noted

Tuesday's violation is the first reported since July 1985 when

Tuesday's was the first such

incident involving the two countries whose leaders, Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, met reportedly in April to try to nar-Baghdad accused Damascus row their differences.

Iran threatens

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iran threatened on Tuesday to attack Kuwaiti and American targets in the Gulf, stepping up pressure on the U.S. task force helping reflagged Kuwaiti ships run the gaunt-let of Iranian guns and missiles in

the waterway.
Informed shipping sources said the U.S. coast guard had given Kırwait the go-ahead to part-load the mine-damaged supertanker eton so it can co first round trip in the Gulf by a Secretary General Javier Perez de reflagged Kuwaiti tanker under

U.S. escort See page 2). Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati told a news conference in Geneva both the United States and Kuwait were helping Iraq by shipping Iraqi oil and threatened retaliation if they per-

"Any country which supports Iraq is subject to our retaliatory measures," he said. "In the past we have showed restraint but in

future we will not."
His comments follow broad hints from Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz Monday night that old Gulf war. Baghdad would resume attacks
on Iranian shipping if Tehran did, of the (U.N.) resolution will help not give "clear, explicit and the Iranian position," be told

Aziz urges U.N. moves to enforce Gulf ceasefire

PARIS (R) - Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz called on the United Nations Security Council on Tuesday to toughen its resolution demanding a ceasefire in the Gulf war to include sanctions against Iran. Mr. Aziz said be was ced that efforts by U.N. Cuellar to implement the resolu-tion would founder on Iran's hostility. Mr. Aziz, who arrived in Paris from Washington, spoke to reporters after a 45-minute meeting with Prime Minister Jacques Chirac. He said he was counting on French, British and U.S. support for a new meeting of the Security Council and would discuss the issue with the Soviet Union and China.

documented" acceptance of a U.N. Security Council demand for a ceasefire in the seven-year-

lawyer John Nields if he realised

he was looking into "something

other than confusion," Mr.

Meese replied, "yes, very definitely. There was a whole new

Testifying under oath and with-

out immunity before congression-

al investigators, Mr. Meese also

said "my own counsel" was to

support the secret sale of arms to

Iran when his opinion was asked

He said he advised the presi-

notification of Congress for a

President Ronald Reagan's

senior advisers who recom-

mended that Congress be told

immediately, Mr. Meese re-

Mr. Meese was questioned ab-

out his preliminary inquiry into

the affair last November, an in-

quiry which many lawmakers

17-page written statement in

which he stressed his "limited

role in the events" until last

November. He said be began his

inquiry "plain and simple" to find out what the facts were and to

report back to the president.
"Indeed, on Nov. 21, 1986.

there was no hint that criminal

activity was in any way implicated

Mr. Meese began by reading a

have criticised as inept.

"There was no-one" among

aspect of the situation."

in January 1986.

brief period.

reporters in Washington after talks with U.S. Secretary of State

"A de facto situation is not acceptable to Iraq," Mr. Aziz told reporters asking bow long a hall in Iraqi attacks would last. Hee declined to answer directly. saying the subject was for the military to decide.

There was no immediate comment from the American side on the talks. U.S. officials earlier said Mr. Shultz was expected to press Iraq to continue its halt of attacks on tankers to win more time for U.N. mediation efforts on ending the war with Iran.
Assistant Secretary of State for

the Middle East Richard Murphy, however, welcomed Iraq's statement to U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar that it would accept the resolution passed last week.

"We now support the continning effort to secure the agree ment of the government of Iran,"

kilometres and was expected to Mr. Aziz accused Iran of black test them again soon at a range of mailing and intimidating Gulf states to achieve a piecemeal The report prompted an initial broadcast by Moscow Radio describing development of the missile are

(Continued on page 2)

Meese says he did not suspect North was lying

ity" involved.

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — U.S. Attorney General Edwin Meese told congressional investigators Tuesday he did not suspect that White House aide Oliver L. North was lying last November when he detailed his Iran-contra activities during a Justice Department interview.

"It certainly looks a lot different to us now than it did then," Mr. Meese said, telling congressional investigators why he did not order Lieutenant-Colonel North's office sealed immediately after the attorney general perso-nally questioned the National Security Council (NSC) deputy on Nov. 23.

"There was no hint to us of any destruction" of documents at that time," Mr. Meese said. Mr. Meer : calmly defended

the preliminary Iran-contra inquiry he conducted for president Ronald Reagan last fall, and said there initially was "no hint that criminal activity was in any way

Mr. Meese said he began his review at first to clear up apparent confusion about the facts surrounding Israel's sale of U.S.made weapons to Iran in 1985.

He then told bow his investigators stumbled on a document in Col. North's files describing how profits from direct U.S. sales to fran apparently had been diverted to the contra rebels m Nicaragua.

Even after personally confronting Col. North, Mr. Meese said,

Turkey frees there was "no obvious criminal-But asked by house committee

Ammarin

ANKARA (R) — Turkish authorities released from jail a Jordanian embassy employee, earlier accused of spying, murder and sabotage, on grounds of diplomatic immunity, Jordanian Consul Mnhammad Hilal said

Tuesday.

Mr. Hilal told Reuters that Adnan Musa Suleiman Ammarin, 46, held since October last year, would leave Turkey shortly for Jordan.

The Jordanian embassy protested many times over Mr. dent it was legal to withhold Ammarin, a translator, pointing out that be enjoyed immunity from prosecution. The issue was raised during a visit by King Hussein to Ankara last month.

Mr. Ammarin and six others were acquitted this month of involvement in the 1985 murder of Jordanian Embassy First Secretary Ziad Al Sati but the prosecutor said be would appeal, which should mean a re-trial.

A military court accepted an appeal court decision that Mr. Ammarin had diplomatic immunity in the spying case, while the sabotage charge over a blast at an ammunition factory was dropped for the same reason.

Mr. Ammarin's wife Arshalois told Reuters her husband was freed on Friday and the couple and their son planned to leave for Jordan shortly, possibly on m the Iranian arms transactions." | Friday.

His Majesty returns from Britain

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday re-turned home from the United Kingdom after a private visit dur-ing which he met with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatch-er to discuss current efforts for convening an international Middle East peace conference.

The King also met in London with King Hassan II of Morocco with whom he discussed developments in the Arab region and the Gulf conflict.

During his stay in the United Kingdom, the King attended a ceremony for the graduation of His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein from a British training school and attended an

His Majesty King Hussein is received upon his His Rnyal Highness Prince Abdullah thn Hussein return home on Tuesday from a private visit to
Britain by His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad,
mad (Petra photo) air show at Fairfield in which the Jordanian national aerobatics team, Royal Falcons, took part. Upon his return to Amman King Hussein was greeted by His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the King's personal repre-sentative. Prince Abdullah Ibn Al

Moscow

develops

to Israel not to develop a miclear

missile and pledged unspecified

Soviet security.
The Hebrew-language broad-

the economic and administrative

"There is tangible danger in

these launching sites opposite Soviet borders," the announcer

Israeli monitors said the broad-

cast went on to warn of "military

and diplomatic steps," against

what it described as Israel's first-

The Geneva-based Defence

Review mouthly last week said Israel had tested Jericho II mis-

siles to a distance of 820

sile as a challenge to the Soviet

The extended range puts not only Arab capitals but also Soviet

Black Sea naval bases within

reach of the missile. Defence

Review says the weapon is cap-

able of carrying a nuclear war-

Israel has refused to comment

A former Israeli nnclear tech-

nician, Mordechai Vanunu, last

year told London's Snnday Times

newspaper that Israel had been

producing nuclear warheads for

strike nuclear weapon.

1450 kilometres.

Union.

head.

20 years.

on the report.

centres of the Soviet Union."

Israel said:

action if Israel

Hussein, Prince Talal Ibn Minister Zaid Rifal, Upper Abu Odeh, Armed Forces Com-Mohammad, Prince Ghazi Ibn House of Parliament Speaker mander-in-Chief Field Marshall Ahmad Al Lawzi and Lower Zaid Ibn Shaker. Cabinet mem-Mohammad and other members of the royal family. House Speaker Akef Al Fayez, bers, senior officials and high-Also present at the airport to Chief of the Royal Court Marwan ranking army officers as well as welcome the King were Prime Al Qasem, Court Minister Adnan the British ambassador to Jordan. Lower House approves JD140m expenditure beyond '86 budget threatens

By Salameh B. Ne'matt and Nermeen Murad AMMAN - The Lower House for expenditure and the House of Parliament on Tuesday approved a supplementary

budget law that allows the gov-ernment to spend nearly JD 140 million outside the budget for fiscal 1986. The approval followed an extensive debate and a pledge by Prime Minister Zaid TEL AVIV (R) — Moscow Radio has issued a fresh warning Rifai that his government would refrain from issuing such budget supplements before securing the approval of the House. measures to counter what it said was a U.S.-inspired threat to

Deputies earlier criticised the government for excessive expenditure which they said was a violation of the Constitution and cast beamed Monday night at showed lack of respect for Parlia-"Every battery of Jericho II

Mr. Rifai told the House his the stand of the legislative and missiles may be another mark on the Pentagon's map... aimed at

government would present all legislation on budget supplements to the House for considera-

session of the two houses to unify

executive branches of govern-Mr. Rifai said most of the items

final accounts in time. He said

that in the case of an urgent need

was not in session, the govern-

ment would cover the urgent ex-

penditure through a draft law that

would be presented to the House

The prime minister suggested

study the question of sup-

the proposal, it would be referred

to the Upper House of Parlia-

ment for approval following

which there would be a joint

in its first following session.

Deputy Riad Nawaysch earlier the establishment of a committee grouping the legal and financial accused the government of incommittees of the House and a creasing spending from "loans and more loans, putting the country under the heavy burden of number of Cabinet members to plementary budgeting. He said foreign debt." that if the Lower House approved

1986. He said the expenditure

came as "rectification of difficult

financial constraints occurred in

previous years and suffered by

some of our institutions and pub-

lic share holding companies." He

said the government opted to

carry out these rectifications all at

the Finance Ministry to issue its not represent new expenditure in

one time.

"The government does not respect the budget law and does not commit itself to it," he said. "We have showed before that the government has made a habit of supplementary budgets in jusuitying and extracting legal legislation for excesses and violations of

(Continued on page 3)

tion and approval so as to allow in supplementary budget law did Shultz and Shevardnadze to meet in September; U.S. tables new proposals

third superpower summit by sche-duling a foreign ministers' meet-The Soviets had earlier rejected heads which are controlled by the Americans. He said these were duling a foreign ministers' meet-ing in September and by moving closer to a treaty to eliminate medium-range nuclear missiles worldwide.

President Ronald Reagan, hailing the progress made at talks in Geneva, said that the climate was now receptive to an accord banning the missiles.

At the same time, White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwatei · ad Secretary of State George P. Smultz and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze would meet in Washington in September for a session that could lead to a U.S.-Soviet summit meeting.
Fitzwater said progress towards

an arms-control agreement had improved the prospects for Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev to visit Washington for a third summit session with Mr. Reagan. "If you view arms control as a of them."

WASHINGTON (AP) — The United States and the Soviet Unfor a summit," Fitzwater said of for a summit," Fitzwater said of ion set the course Tuesday for a the Shultz-Shevardnadze

> U.S. suggestions for the foreign ministers meet in Washington in Mid-July. Soviet Ambassador Yuri V. Duhinin called on Mr. Shultz Monday to convey his government's acceptance of a mid-September session.

The two foreign ministers have traditionally met during or just before the General Assembly's annual fall meeting. The meeting this year begins Sept. 15.

In Geneva, U.S. negotiators on Tuesday submitted proposals they say try to meet Soviet concerns on some issues standing in the way of accord on intermediate-range missiles.

"We will be making new proposals today," U.S. negotiator Maynard Glitman told reporters in Geneva. "We will address all outstanding issues and we will bave something to say about each

But he rejected any compromise on 72 Pershing-1A rockets in West Germany, with nuclear warpart of a "third party" system and not subject to negotiation at bi-lateral talks with the Soviet

Mr. Reagan, addressing the arms talks during a speech on superconductivity, said that, until last week "the Soviet Union had insisted on what could have been a major stumbling block" to the U.S. proposal to eliminate the missiles.

Last Wednesday, Mr. Gor-bachev announced the Soviets were no longer insisting on retaining 100 medium-range warheads in Asia.

Mr. Reagan said a proposal now on the table at the arms talks "would make provision for strict and effective verification and reject transfer of existing U.S. and Soviet ... missiles and launchers to any third party.

18 die in Colombo riots on eve of peace pact

COLOMBO (R) — Rioters turned central Colombo into a smoking battleground on Tuesday in angry protests against plans to sign an historic peace pact in Sri Lanka's capital on Wednesday.

Officials said 18 people were shot dead and 117 injured as hundreds of members of the island's Sinhalese majority, some wielding iron bars and clubs, cut a swatbe of fiery destruction through the city centre.

Reuter reporter Marilyn Odchimar said trouble began when police teargassed 5,000 people, led by Buddhist monks and the opposition Freedom Party of former Prime Minister Sirima Bandaranaike, on a sit-down protest against the controversial Indian-backed peace plan.

Police opened fire with rifles after some of the crowd responded by stoning them and starting on a destructive ram-

At least three buildings includ-ing a government ministry and a building housing state-owned newspaper offices were set ablaze and scores of buses, trucks and cars were gutted by fire.

With police apparently unable to control the violence, the rioters ran amok for four hours, smashing and looting shops until helmeted soldiers and sailors were sent to guard flashpoints. "We are angry because they are going to divide our country,"

said a Sinhalese youth outside the blazing Ministry for Womens' Affairs and Hospitals. The ministry's roof was burned off. Death to the traitor J.R.J"

demonstrators scrawled on buses, in a reference to Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene,

before setting the vehicles on fire. The peace plan will give the island's Tamil minority semi-autonomous control of Sri Lanka's northern and eastern provinces, which are to be pro-

visionally united under a single administration.

More than 6,000 people have died in four years of bloody Tamil guerrilla insurgency aimed at forging a separate bomeland in the north and east and Mr. Jayewardene, 80, is anxious to reach a political settlement.

lence in Colombo was the latest show of bostility to the controversial proposals from militant Tamils and Sinhalese alike. It was also the worst ontbreak

However, the explosion of vio-

in the capital since July 1983 when Sinhalese riots signalled the start of the ethnic struggle after Tamil guerrillas killed 13 Sinhalese soldiers.

The peace plan is backed by Mr. Jayewardene and Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, whose country has 50 million Tamil inhabitants and sees itself as protector of their Sri Lankan

COUSTING It is opposed by militants at both ends of the Sri Lankan

ethnic spectrum. Prime Minister Ranasinghe Premadasa, torchbearer of Sinhalese nationalism, has expressed his community's objections and urged a referendum on the accord.

For the Tamils Velupillai Prabhakaran, leader of the main separatist guerrilla group the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, has called the plan a stab in the back and said his men will not lay down their arms despite Indian pressure.

A statement issued by the Tigers in the island's northern Jaffna peninsula and published in newspapers there on Wednesday said they would ignore the pact

and carry on fighting.

The proposed agreement was "an attempt to disarm and enslave us," the statement said. "We discard this meaningless

(Continued on page 3)

Kuwait gets go-ahead to load mine-hit tanker

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait received U.S. approval on Tuesday to load crude oil aboard the mine-damaged supertanker Bridgeton as the American navy hunted for mines along the vessel's route out of the Gulf.

The Bridgeton, anchored off ¹ Kuwalt with a hole in its bottom, capacity, informed shipping sources said.

The tanker was holed in the northern Gulf last Friday on its maiden voyage flying the American flag under a U.S. scheme to protect half of Kuwait's tanker fleet from Iranian attack.

The U.S. coast guard agreed to pronounce it sea-worthy after studying a damage report submitted by the vessel's insurers, the American Bureau of Shipping.

the sources said. American navv experts have oeen surveying the scene of the blast near Iran's Farsi Island, 240 kilometres southeast of Kuwait. for more mines, the sources

added.
A U.S. emhassy spokesman · declined to discuss the operation except to say the navy had "taken some measures... there is some (mine-hunting) activity going on in the Gulf."

He said, however, no compre-hensive plan to clear Gulf shipping lanes of mines had yet been adopted and several alternatives

were being discussed.
U.S. officials say the mine hit by the Bridgeton was almost certainly laid by Iran as part of moves against shipping linked

The blast tore a hole nine metres by three in the vessel, was set to load 260,000 tonnes of punching through a port-side carcrude oil, or about two-thirds its go tank and cracking an adjacent cargo tank, a hunker tank and the forward ballast tank, the sources

> Divers have patched the latter and the Bridgeton is likely to proceed at only half maximum speed of 16 knots to reduce stress

on the hull. Iran has criticised the reflagging operation as an escalation of

tension in the region.
In Geneva, Iranian Foreign
Minister Ali Akbar Velayati 10ld a news conference Iran would attack U.S. and Kuwaiti targets in the Gulf if the two countries

persisted in backing Iraq.
"Any country which supports Iraq is subject to our retaliatory measures." he said. "In the past we have showed restraint but in

future we will not." Kuwait has also leased three tankers from the Soviet Union and four from the British colony of Gibraltar to win hig power naval protection for its vital oil

exports. Kuwaii hlames Iran for more than 50 attacks on ships bound to or from its ports in the last three years. 11 of them Kuwaiti-

The sources said the Bridgeton would load as soon as a berth was available at the offshore Sea Is-

the main oil port of Mina Al Ahmadi.

A second reflagged tanker, the gas carrier Gas Prince, would finish loading 40,000 tonnes of propane and butane bound for Japan on Wednesday and the two ships could sail together under naval escort as early as Friday, the sources said.

The Bridgeton is to deliver its cargo to customers waiting outside the Gulf off the United Arab Emirates port of Khor Fakkan, where Kuwait has several tankers

used as floating storage tanks.

The sources declined to say if the convoy would choose a different route through the Gulf on its return trip to minimise the chance of hitting other mines.

U.S. naval experts say warships in the convoy are highly vulnerable to underwater explosions and only have limited capacity to detect mines in their path.

Military planners had antici-

pated the greatest threat would come from Iran's highspeed gun-boats and Chinese-made Silkworm missiles positioned at the entry to the Gulf.

Among the options are the dispatch of U.S. mine-sweeping helicopters to the Gulf and the use of Egyptian or Saudi Arabian mine-sweeping ships since America does not have enough of its own in active service, military

Until new equipment arrived, the U.S. depended on sonar equipment used from helicopters already with its Gulf fleet, they

analysts said.

Frank Kelso, commander of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, allowed Brinder to retire and Moncrief to resign in part because of "the unique circumstances of the incident and its aftermath."

Noting all of the officers and crew of the Stark valiantly fought fires resulting from the attack, the navy said Adm. Kelso was concerned that the prolonged na-ture of any court-martial "would cause intensified grief on the part of the families of the victims of the attack and stress to the Stark

Captain of Stark

quits navy

at reduced

WASHINGTON (R) — The navy bas decided not to court

martial the captain of the U.S.

frigate Stark, damaged in a May 17 Iraqi missile attack in the Gulf,

but will allow him to retire at a

The service announced Mon-

day it would not try Captain

Glenn Brindel, 43, on charges of

deriliction of duty in the incident

in which 37 American sailors

Brindel accepted responsibility for the incident and will retire

immediately at the reduced pay

of a commander instead of a

This move will mean a differ-

ence of about \$100,000 in retire-

ment pay over his lifetime," said

one navy official who asked not

The navy Monday also accepted the resignation of Lienlenant Basil Moncrief, 35,

who was the weapons officer

aboard the Stark when it was

attacked at night by an Iraqi F-1 Mirage jet, which hit the ship

Brindel and Moncrief could

have been court-martialed and

sentenced to a military prison if convicted of dereliction of duty in

But the navy said Admiral

connection with the incident.

with two Exocet missiles.

captain, navy officials said.

to be identified.

reduced rank as punishment.

rank

The attack on the Stark by an Iraqi F-1 Mirage jet has been described as an accident by Baghdad, an explanation which the United States has accepted.

Brindel, Moncrief and a third Stark officer were earlier relieved of duty due to lack of confidence in their performance on the ship, which did not take defensive measures before it was struck by two Exocet missiles fired by an Iraqi

promotion list for lieutenant comrated from the navy without retirement pay because he did not have the required minimum 20 years in the service. Brindel, who was promoted to

Moncrief bad been on the

the rank of captain last January, told navy investigators that he was not on the bridge of the ship or in the battle control centre. He was in his cabin when the first missile struck the ship Adm. Kelso Monday deferred

any punishment against Lieutenant-Commander Raymond Gaian, 32, to the commander of Atlantic Fleet Surface Forces. tinued its "acts of mischief."

'Mighty Mo' to boost U.S. power in Gulf supply ship Kansas City. The centimetres thick and protection

vulnerable to Iranian attack.

The ship could stand outside

the neck of the Gulf and fire its

2,400 kilometres range

Tomahwak cruise missiles with

computer-map accuracy at targets

NEWS ANALYSIS

Closer to shore, the Missouri

could use its 16-inch guns to hurl

1,215 kilogrammes high-explo-

sive shells a distance of 35

Each explosive charge,

than seven metres of concrete. Retired Admiral Julian Lake,

former chief of the navy's Elec-

tronic Warfare Command, told

"There's no doubt - an Ira-

"Battleships now have the

nian missile or aircraft is not

going to do much to this ship," he

World situations.

long way off."

ighing about the same as a

"targets in the region."

By Charles Aldinger

WASHINGTON - The United States, digging deeper into its arsenal of weapons to impress Iran, has hauled out a military dinosaur with a space-age brain and sent it steaming toward the troubled Gulf.

The World War II battleship Missouri left California on Saturday and is expected to be on station in the northern Arabian Sea next month with its computerised giant guns and cruise missiles ready in case Iran attacks

U.S. shipping in the Gulf. But as the 870-foot (290 metre) "Mighty Mo" and its five escort ships began their trip, military analysts were divided on the need for a battleship group in the area, where the U.S. navy already has the aircraft carrier Constellation

and 15 other warships. In interviews, experts agreed that the 58,000-tonne Missouri, modernised in 1982 at a cost of \$350 million has key advantages over other ships in and around the Gulf.

But some experts wondered if the United States was not powering up for the wrong kind of war. "I'm extremely wary of the whole operation," said John Pike of the federation of American

scientists. "But if you're going to put a ship in that area, perhaps a battleship is the way to go. It certainly avoids the possibility of having U.S. navy pilots paraded through downtown Tehran if they are shot

With armour plating up to 40

group is expected to stop at Subic Bay Naval Base in the provided by two cruisers carrying inti-aircraft missiles, the historic Philippines en route to the Indian Missouri - Japan formally sur-Ocean. Its exact date of arrival at rendered on its decks at the end of World War II - is regarded by Gulf was not known. military analysts as virtually in-

Navy officials, who asked not world. to be identified, said the Missouri will not be used to escort ships in and out of the Gulf but will be supertanker Bridgeton on the stationed outside the waterway in the vicinity of the Constellation battle group.

Nine other U.S. warships are virtually anywhere in Iran. Pentabeing used in the Gulf itself to gon sources suggested the Tomahawks are already equipped with American flags between the electronic data to guide them to Strait of Hormuz and Kuwait. The carrier and the hattleship clearly are meant as a reminder to

Iran, if one is needed, of American retaliatory power if attacked. But some critics say America's massive military strength has never been at question in the Middle East. The superpower has proved vulnerable to what it calls terrorism — kidnappings, bombings,

hijackings.

The Reagan administration pulled American forces out of family car, can penetrate more Lebanon in 1984 — despite declaring that country vital to U.S. interests — because of a truck-bomb attack on a Marine bar-racks that killed 241 U.S. troops. Reuters the Missouri and three other refurhished U.S. hattleships were very useful in Third

President Reagan's deepest crisis, the Iran-contra scandal, arose largely because of White House frustrations over American hostages held by pro-Iranian groups

capability of attacking from a Many military analysts in Travelling with the "Mo" are Washington say they believe that the cruisers Long Beach and Bunker Hill, the destroyer Leftwich, the frigate Curtis and the already embroiled in a debilitat- only way.

ing war with Iraq, it would be unlikely to confront the U.S. battle fleets directly.

Congressional and other expens fear a guerrilla attack than

could take place anywhere in the They point out that an anonymous mine biew a hole in the

very first American-escerted convoy in the Gulf last week. Stand Norris, a defence specialist with the private National Resources Defence Council, said escort Knwaiti tankers flying putting the Missouri in the region

will simply "exacerbate the soup we are getting ourselves into over But he added: "Since 1974, Iran has been a major irritant here and I am certain there are a

lot of people in the administration and the Pentagon who would like 10 hit them without a lot of thought to policy." One Pentagon official, who

asked not to be identified, told Reuters: "This mission — showing the flag - is exactly what the Missouri was recommissioned to "I know if I was in charge in

Iran. I would think twice with a ship like that sailing around." A leader of the pro-traman Hizbollah (Party of God) said three days ago that Shi'ite Muslims were ready to launch suicide attacks against U.S. and French

targets in the Gulf. He spoke during a demonstra-tion in Beirut by 3,000 chesteven if Iran were to challenge the defiance of Western navies and United States militarily while slogans such as "terrorism is our

beating fundamentalists chanting

boost Soviet influence in the Mid-

dle East and this would im-mediately lead to an increase in

subversion, intrigue and suport

for the extremist elements in the

Shamir called on the Orga-

nisation of African Unity (OAU)

to help Ethiopian Jews remaining

in their bome country to be

reunited with their families in

We call on the African leaders

region," Mr. Shamir said,

Fran threatens U.S. and Kuwaiti targets

(Continued from page 1) solution or a partial halt in the

activities in the Gulf." He said io his meeting with Mr. Perez de Cnellar last Thursday, he made clear that Iran's approval of the resolution must be clear, explicit and

documented. Iran has criticised the resolution heavily, but has not officially

refused to accept it.
In Geneva, Mr. Velayati said
Tuesday there would be no ceasefire in the Gulf war while Iraqi resident Saddom Hussein re-

1 Asked if Iran would formally to sespond to the U.N. resolution. " "Mr. Velayati answered: "As long as the aggressor regime is in power in Iraq, we will not have a ceasefire.

The Iraqi government's ouster .. has long been a stated Iranian goal in the war. Iran also says it wants the Security Council to

hrand Iraq as the "aggressor." Mr. Velayati also issued a statement repeating Iran's complaints about U.S. naval escorts for Kuwaiti tankers sailing under the American flag. It said the reflagging and the U.S. naval presence in the Gulf violates the

ceasefire resolution. A "crisis in the Persian Gulf is imminent as a result of U.S. intervention." the statement said. urging political action aimed at

spreading."
Mr. Velayati said Iran was not worried about the possibility of an arms embargo to enforce the ceasefire, something the United States has said it may ask the

Security Council to endorse. Tehran Radio on Monday night quoted President Ali Khamenei as saying Iran would strike with surface-to-surface missiles if Kuwait continued what he called its acts of mischief.

In Paris; French Defence Minister Andre Giraud said a French aircraft carrier task force on stand-by would not be sailing for the Middle East immediately. "I have already said that the alert was a precautionary measure," he told reporters.

France broke diplomatie reladispute which began when an interpreter in the Iranian embassy in Paris refused to leave to wave of bomb attacks in the French capital last year.

Gulf oil sources, meanwhile, said Iraq had leap-frogged over Iran to become potentially the second largest producer in OPEC by commissioning a new oil export pipeline through Turkey. Iraq is now able to produce

more than 2.5 million barrels per

Evening Show Could.

..... News Summary
..... Evening Show Continued

639, 730, 1323 KHz

"keeping the conflict from day (bpd), higher even than the spreading."

2.369 million allowed for Iran by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and second only to Saudi Arabia's 4.3

> It has two other major pipelines — another recently expanded through Turkey and one newly-built through Saudi Arabia - leading safely away from the war zone.

Later on Tuesday, Pentagon officials said the U.S. navy believes it has discovered mere underwater mines in the section of the Gulf where the Bridgeton struck one last week.

The officials, who insisted on anonymity, refused to discuss specifics of the effort to search the waters near the Farsi Island. They also refused to say how ous with Iran on July 17 in a many mines may have been

Bnt the sources said that navy units, apparently including an 18answer police questions about a man team of underwater demolition experts, had begun a pre-liminary search of the area over Each country has put the the last 24 hours, extending mine-other's embassy under siege. sweeping efforts southwards that · sweeping efforts southwards that had earlier been concentrated

closer to Kuwait. Pentagon spokesman Robert Sims, meantime, said the United States assumes that the mine the Bridgeton hit last week was deliberately planted in the ship's path shortly before it arrived.

Khamenei warns Kuwait

LONDON (R) — Iran's President Ali Khamenei has said his country will strike back with surface-to-surface missiles if Kuwait continues what he called its acts of mischief in the Gulf, Tehran Radio reported.

"In our retaliatory policy, we will use surface-to-surface missiles and all our facilities," the radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, quoted Khamenei as saying in

ehran Monday. Iran last week announced what it termed a new policy of retaliation against Iraq's regional allies if Baghdad attacks Iranian oil shipping and installations in the Gulf.

Parliamentary Speaker Ali TELAVIV (R) — Israeli Foreign cy Tanjug. He said the opening of only revealed Monday. Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani clarified Monday that retaliation would be confined to Gulf waters. "On land, our blows will be directly on the Iraqi regime itself," Iran's national news agency reported him as saying.

Iran says Kuwait exports oil for Iraq and allows Iraqi jets raiding Iranian targets to use its airspace. Mr. Khamenei, speaking after a meeting of the Supreme Council for supporting war efforts, said Iran would retaliate with all its resources if the emirate con-

Shamir says no return to 1967 borders into the diplomatic process would

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir vowed Tuesday that Israel would never return to the borders that existed prior to the 1967 war.

Mr. Shamir told a convention of the Rabbinical Council of America that countries pushing for an international conference on Middle East peace want to force Israel to return to 1967 borders.

"That is how the Soviets understand it. That is how the Egyptians understand it and that is how the PLO understands it," Mr. Shamir said. "We, on the other hand, the majority of the people of Israel, say no to return

- never to return — to the 1967 Mr. Shamir bas opposed an international peace conference in favour of direct negotiations with

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, Mr. Shamir's chief rival in Israel's coalition government, has pushed for the international con-On Monday, Mr. Shamir laun-

ched a strong attack on the Soviet Union, telling students at Hebrew University that allowing the Kremlin to play a more active diplomatic role would only foster subversion." 'She (the Soviet Union) uses

the name of peace in vain. Her real objective is to take over the Middle East entirely," Mr. Shamir said in a text obtained

"Introducing the Soviet Union

who gathered... in Addis Ababa for a summit meeting of the OAU to allow the Jews of Ethiopia to leave for normal lives, reunited with their families," Shamir told a rally of several thousand Ethiopian Jewish immigrants and their supporters Monday.

Peres met Yugoslav leader in Geneva

Minister Shimon Peres has revealed that he met Yugoslav President Lazar Mojsov in Geneva two weeks ago for the first high level contact between the two countries in 20 years.

"In Geneva, I met the Yngoslay president, Mr. Lazar Mojsov, and he told me that they are seeking ways to improve relations with us," Peres told Israel Armed

Forces Radio. when asked about the opening here of a bureau of the official Yugoslav government news agen-

Peres made the disclosure

Kuwait (RI)
Dhahran (RI)
Abu Dhabi, Dobai (RI)
Bahrain, Doha (RI)
Baghdad (RI)

Cairo, Loedon (BA)
Larnaca, Zurich (SR)
Tripoli (PK)
Rome (AZ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

13:60 Damacus (TY)
14:65 Cairo (MS)
14:45 Doha, Abu Dhabi, Muscat (GF)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Belgian franc 89.1/ 89.9 Druch guilder 163.9/ 165.6 French franc 55.5/ 56.1 Italian kra 25.5/ 25.8

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be very hot, with northwester-

ly light to moderate winds. In Agaba, winds will be northerly moderate and

Japanese yen (for 100) Swedish crown

Swise franc
U.K. sterling pound

W. German mark

Aquba . Deserts

Jordan Valley

Tuesday rates

227.2/ 230.1 53/ 53.5

.. 222.7/ 225.2 .. 546.9/ 553.3

...... 343.3/ 346 184.8/ 186.7

Local sell/buy rates in fils

"I would like to see a more substantial step than the one that has been taken (with Tanjug),' Peres added.

the burean was "too little and not

satisfactory from Israel's point of

Aides said the meeting between Peres and Mojsov took

place when the Israeli leader visited Switzerland to meet Egyptian President Hosni Muharak within the framework of a United Nations conference on trade. There was no immediate ex-

Yugoslavia broke diplomatic ties with Israel at the time of the

1967 Middle East war. No further details were immediately available on the Gene-va meeting, news of which came only a day after a correspondent of the Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug said in Israel he had

arrived here to open a bureau. Bureau Chief Miroslav Visnjic said: "The fact that an official news agency opens its bureau in Israel speaks for itself. After this, similar step hy step moves prob-

NIGHT DUTY

. 731267

. 656585

64306

644438

. 640081

. 627051 . 636339

.... 246017

AMMAN:

TAXIS:

IRBID:

Neel taxi ... Talal taxi ... Faisal taxi .

Dr. Tayseer Khader
Dr. Abbas Al Hakim
Dr. Hani Huddadin
Dr. Fakher Bübeisi
Barjawi pharmacy
Kilani pharmacy
Fawez pharmacy

Dr. Jamai Al Najjar

Khazar pharmacy

TV & RADIO

21:05

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 15:50 Review of programmes 16:55 Cartoons and Children's prog-...... St. Elsewhere Hospital Arabic series Local programme ... News in Arabic Arabic series Cultural programme Wrestling

JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME TWO Sports Maga News in Arabic News in English

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

	t partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19
	162 .74111-15
07:00	
07:30	
C8:00	Morning Show
10 :0 0	
10:05	Morning Show Contd.
11:90	Men from the Ministry
11:30	Songs from Movies
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Readings
12:30	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Pop Session
14:60	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Piano Magic
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News in Summary
16: 0 5 16:30	Instrumentals Old Favourites
17:90	Jordan Weckly
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:05	Now Music
18:30	
19:00	News Desk
19:30	Date with a Star
20:69	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary

WHAT'S GOING ON **TODAY'S EVENTS**

BBC WORLD SERVICE

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Dancing a Horupipe in Fetters 07:49 Soccer could, 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial News 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Report on Religion 08:45 The World Today 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 Development 87 11:30 World News 11:30 Reflections 11:15 Classical Record Review 11:30 Brain of Britain 1987 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 The World Today 12:30 Financial News; Look Ahead 12:45 Happy Talk 13:00 News Summary; Omnibus 13:30 Trivia Test Match 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Dancing a Horupipe in Fetters 14:25 A Letter 07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Dancing a Hornpipe in Fetters 14:25 A Letter from Wales 14:30 Meridian 15:00 Radio Newsreet 15:15 Masterpiece in Radio Newsreef 15:15 Masterpiece in Miniature 15:25 The Farming World 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:90 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Development '87 17:90 News Summary: Outlook 17:45 Report on Religion 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Keep to the Path 18:30 Two Cheers for July 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Counterpoint 19:45 The World Today 20:00 World News 20:09 A Letter from Wales 20:15 From Cradle to Grave 20:240 Book Choice 20:58 Sports Round-up 21:30 Newsdesk

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

11925 and 15210 Hz 06-09 News 96:10 Newsline 86:30 VOA Morning 67:60 News 07:18 Newsline 60:30 VOA Morning 67:60 News 07:18 Newsline 67:30 VOA Morning 68:60 News 68:10 Newsline 69:30 VOA Morning 18:60 News 19:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:60 News 19:10 Newsline 18:30 Music Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 00:10

World Report

* A combined exhibition of premed flowers and water colours by Hind-Lara Mango and Tracy Barr on at the gallery of the Jordan Interestationatal

Hotel (antil August 6). Pottery exhibition by students from Yarmonic University at the British Council (until July 30).

> JERASH FESTIVAL (July 8-31)

* Sound & Light: 8-9 — Children's Play: Butterfiles

* Artemis Steps: 8-9 — Italian Puppet Show * Forum: 6-7 — Jordan Armed Forces Band 7:30-9 — Local Polk. Groups

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 66102677 Goethe Institute viet Cultural Centre ... Spanish Cultural Centre ... Turkish Cultural Centre ... 674049 639777 Haya Arts Centre 665195 in Youth City 667181/6 Y.W.C.A. Y.W.M.A. . 664251

Amman Municipal Library 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library 843555 **MUSEUMS**

"Children's Heritage and Science Muteum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plin a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Felidore Museum: Jewelry and custames over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th contacles). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. **EXHIBITIONS** Jordan Archaeological Masenau: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

The Amman Lians Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amonon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Batary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Irm, 1:30 p.m. 9:30-10:30 — French Trapeze Troupe p.m. Reyal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

SERVICE CLUBS

St. Jeseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Amman, Tel. 624590, Church of the Annusciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440.

Tel. 771331. inn Orthodox Church Ashra-Armstein Orthogox Charca Ashra-fieb, Tel. 775261. St. Ephrain Charch (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafieb, Tel. 77(751. Amman International Charch (Inter-

Amman infernational Charch (inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeistan, Tel. 67/534. Evangelical Luthersa Church Jabal Amman, 6th Carcle, (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrannata Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian janguage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 p.m. 1ei: 622306 Church of the Annundation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jahal Amman, Tel. 625383. an Catholic Church Ashrafich.

DEPARTURES

FOR THE TRAVELLER

20:30 20:35 20:40 20:45 20:50

20:50

09:25 19:35

15:35 16:45

19:37

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal fordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (16) \$3200-5, where it should always be verified.

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Agaba (R) 10:15 Damascus (R. Dhahran (R. Dubei, Abu Dhabi H. 17:30

... New York, Amsterdam [P.]

London, Geneva J Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna Jill Istanbul R Madrid, Belgrade RJ Bangkok RJ Baghdad RT

19:45 19:45 19:15

OTHER !	FLIGHTS (Terminat 2)
98:25	Karachi (PK)
13:20	Cairo (MS)
13:40	. Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
14:35	Kowait (KU)
	Tripoli (LN)
	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
	Dannascus (IY)
17:30	Baghdad (IA)
18-30	Paris, Damascus (AF)
19-25	Beirut (ME)
21-40	Frankfurt (LH)
72-68	Tripoli (PK)
*****	London Cairo (BA)
****	AARGAAL CARUIDA

(Terminal 1)
13:39	Doha (RJ)
96:00	Kuwait (add.) (RI)
	Agaba (RJ)
12:00	Vienna, New York (RJ)
12:30	Athens (RJ)
12:45 Vienna (RJ)	Chicago, Los Angeles
13-60	London (RJ)
1230	Caim (RT)
13:45	Istanbul (RJ)
14:46	Lamata (R1)

planation why the meeting was ably will follow."

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints

Price complaints Telephone Information Jordan and Middle East calls. Overscas calls

636140

. 669131

667227/9

666127/37

777101/3

891611/15

602240/50

... 674155

845845

Gvil Defence Quweismeh 710733 Gvil Defence Deir Alla 57306 Ambulance 193, 775111 Amman downtown fire brigade 198 First aid 630341 Blood Bank 778303 Givil Defence rescue 661111 Furn beachmarters 62000.2

| Create | Control | Contr

Musicipal water complaints 771 125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60 Kowait (LN HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642262 Mallora I. American PRAYER TIMES Jabal Amman Maternity Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Baskir, J. Ashrafieh Aruw, Marka

GENERAL

ZARQA: Dr. Issam Owdat

Uppea/lower price in fils per kg. Banana 320 / 280 Banana (Mukammar) 270 / 220 Beass 170 / 140 Cabbage 100 / 70 Carrot 250 / 200	Ma Oni Ora Oka Pea Pep
Cauliflower 160 / 100	Per
Cocombers	Pep
Eggplant (large)	Pot
Eggplant (small) 110 / 70	Rac
Gartic 800 / 700	
Grapes 250 / 200	Squ
Lemon (yellow) 600 / 500	Top
Mallow 60 / 40	Wa

MARKET PRICES

ils per kg. 320 / 280	2/0			
200 4 200	MINITOR		160 /	100
	Opion (dee)		100	100
270 / 220	O		1307	IW
t70 / 140				
	Okra		300	~~
100 / 70	Denahaa		3W /	الكشة
250 / 200	T CHELLES		OEA /	750
	Pepper (hot)	·····	140	100
. 160 / 100	Danner Judity		14U /	IW
. 170 / 120				
	Pluns		000	
60 / 40	Post	·····	SAN 1	700
. 110 / 70				
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. 250 / 200				
. 600 / 500	Tomatoee		1007	30
60 / 40				
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13 E

NEWS IN BRIEF

Senate meets Thursday to discuss amendments

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Upper House of Parliament has been called for a session on Thursday during which members will decide on amendments to laws referred to them by the Lower House of Parliament. One is an amendment to a draft law on establishing a higher council for science and technology. Another is a draft law on setting up a curative medical institution and a third concerns Jordanian universities.

Plan to protect environment under review

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber has returned to Amman after attending a conference by Arah ministers of environment which was held in Casablanca, Morocco, July 23. In a statement upon returning, the minister said that the meeting discussed a plan for financing a project to protect the environment in the Arab region. This project will be supervised by a committee which will launch a public awareness campaign. The campaign will warn of the danger of descriptication, of the need to protect farm land from the encroachment of cities, and to protect the environment. The minister said that regional and international organisations, financial institutions, and the United Nations Environment Programme will be contacted to help carry ont this

Meeting reviews committee's work at camp

SALT (Petra) — A meeting was held here Tuesday under the chairmanship of Governor Mijhem Khreisha to review the work of a committee entrusted with carrying out public services projects at Baqaa Palestinian refugee camp. The committee decided to set up sanitary facilities and improve telephone services for the camp. Other decisions taken at the meeting pertain to improving the sheep market in the camp.

Electricity supplied to Al Mahmudieh

House okays budget supplement

Dr. Nawayseh said that the unify all parties providing cura-issnance of supplementary tive medicine services in the

ing the House's decision against mg by managing a limited num-such supplements. This also ber of civil and military hospitals

"insisting on saturating the coun- capabilities in the service of all

citizens. -

(Continued from page 1)

House, Dr. Nawayseh said that the real deficit in the 1986

budget, including loans the gov-

ernment obtained outside the ori-

ginal budget, reached JD 312

million despite a saving of JD 95

million in the oil hill (due to the decline in prices) which he said

was at the time "denied by the

budgets, practised by successive

governments, was "a violation of

the simplest constitutional regula-

tions. They represent another case in the steady habit of break-

means the legislative hranch is

forced to give np its right of

try" was unacceptable "especially

if we knew that the total public foreign deht has reached \$5.3

hillion, a per capita deht of

had been in session during most

of 1986 during which it could

have discussed the extra spending

In conclusion, be criticised the government's spending policy

and urged other deputies to re-

turn the law to the government

had prepared a speech to read to

the House on the hudget supple-

ment's subject, altered his speech

following the prime minister's

statement and pledge not to issue

hudget supplements without

In his amended speech, Mr. Shbeilat praised Mr. Rifai's posi-

tion on future public spending

which he said "deserved admira-

tion. It proved that good men are those who do not insist on car-

Mr. Shbeilat said the Constitu-

tion allowed such supplements in

times where urgent spending was needed in emergencies such as earthquakes and other disasters

and not in the cases used by the

government. He described the

prime minister's proposal for a joint decision by the government

and Parliament on the issue as "a

its report which included several recommendations and proposals

to the government. Mr. Rifai

responded in a prepared speech

in which he supported most of the

proposals for better management

of the country's resources.

The Financial Committee read

great example of cooperation."

rying on with mistakes.

Deputy Laith Shbeilat, who

planned by the government.

without approval.

House approval.

Dr. Nawayseh said the House

The Karak deputy said that

custody over public funds...'

In a statement be read to the

KARAK (Petra) — Electric power was supplied Tuesday to Al Mahmudieh village, one of 12 villages in the Karak Governorate included in the electrification programme being carried out by the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA). JEA sources said that JD 23,000 was spent on setting up a transformer station of 100 kilovolt ampere and laying power lines along 1.5 kilometres for the Mahmudieh project. Two more villages in the Karak Governorate will be supplied with electricity in August and the remaining villages hy the end of the year.

Mr. Rifai said the government

was planning to adopt new mea-

sures to improve the process of

collecting public funds due to the

treasury and to reduce spending.

He said the government had

issued instructions to all govern-

ment departments to limit their

spending to the allocated budget without any over spending.

On plans to establish a curative

medicine institute, Mr. Rifai said

the aim of establishing it was to

country and to offer the same

level of medical services to all

He said the institute would

start operating gradually by start-

and then expand over stages.

"This institute is a new experi-

ence that aims at gathering all the

Kingdom's curative medicine

citizens without discrimination,

The establishment of the insti-

tute, he said, "would allow the Ministry of Health to dedicate

more time towards preventive

medicine in addition to drawing

Bethlehem Deputy Carios Dihmis, who was sworn in as

deputy at the beginning of the

session, said he approved the idea

of unifying curative institute for the public sector. Dr. Dihmis,

who is managing the private-own-

ed Al Ahli Hospital in Amman,

said the project would improve public medical services. Dr.

Dihmis was elected by the House

Deputy Nawaysch, though ack-

nowledging the need for the

medical project, expressed re-

servations over it. He said there were concerns that the project

might focus more on making pro-

fits rather than health services.

He suggested that more time be given to the Legal Committee to

carry out more studies along with

parties concerned before taking a

Deputy Ahdullah Akaileh echoed the same concerns and

backed Dr. Nawayseh's proposal

for further studies on the project.

Mr. Shbeilat also agreed that the

project required postponement

for more studies to determine the responsibilities and anthorities to

be entrusted with the institute.

The House also approved the

establishment of a higher council

for science and technology and a

draft law controlling universities in the Kingdom. Two laws for the

Audit Bureau and insurance com-

panies were also approved after

slight amendments by the Senate.

on July 7.

final decision.

the policies of these services.'

the prime minister said.

Second stage begins on Amman-Dead Sea Highway

AMMAN (J.T.) — A ground-hreaking ceremoy marking the construction of the second stage of the Amman-Naur-Dead Sea Highway was celehrated Tuesday in Marj Al-Hamam-Naur Junc-

The 41-kilometre highway linking Amman, Naur and the Dead Sea is partly financed by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) with a grant of \$25 million. The project executed by Jordanian engineering and contracting firms, will cost an estimated 46 million U.S. dollars.

"There is an urgent need for a safer road in view of the increasing heavy traffic to and from the Jordan Valley," Mr. Lewis Reade, the USAID director in Jordan said.

The planned motorway will up-grade the original Amman-Dead Sea road to a four-lane highway and avoid areas of recurrent landslides on the existing road, particularly near the village of Ada-

The motorway will also eliminate dangerous curves along the 1,400-metre drop from the highlands as well as ease the heavy traffic, especially in the winter

The highway will also shorten travel time and provide a safer route for the heavy truck traffic hringing in agricultural produce to market from the Jordan

The groundbreaking ceremony was attended by Under Secretary of the Ministry of Public Works Mr. Khalaf Hawwari, Mr. Reade, the president of the Jordanian Engineers Association, the president of the Jordanian Contractors Association, and senior officials from the Ministry of Public Works and the USAID Mission in Jordan. According to Mr. Hawwari, the third and fourth phases of the

project will be announced before the end of the year, once designs and documents have been pre-

The construction of the high-



Workers and officials view groundbreaking ceremony of the second stage of the Amman-Dead Sea Highway (Petra photo)

way's first phase began June 20 and is being completed by Al Jafar Contracting Company and the General Contracting Com-pany. The phase should be completed by December 1988, and will consist of a six kilometre four-lane highway stretching from Marj Al Haman junction to the Dar Al Dawa area, according

to the ministry.

Last month, the ministry signed an agreement with an

American engineering firm, Parsons Brinckeerhoff International of New York, and the Jordanian engineering firm Jouzy and Partners to supervise the work on the highway.

Mr. Hawwari said the new highway will help transport agricultural products from the Jordan Valley and the West Bank to Amman and speed up economic and social development along areas of the highway.

Heat wave to bake Jordan until end of the week

AMMAN (J.T.) - The present said heat wave affecting Jordan and other parts of the Eastern Mediterranean will continue until at least the end of this week, according to Dr. Ali Abanda, director general of the Meteorological Department.

He said that the formation of a weather depression over the northern parts of the Arabian Peninsula is responsible for the beat wave which began July 21. The depression caused an inflow of hot wind from the beart of the peninsula towards the north, Syria and Jordan, Dr. Abanda recorded, he said.

The heat wave, the most severe in Jordan in 10 years, caused a considerable rise in temperature which peaked at 37 degrees Celsius in Amman Monday. Amman and other hilly regions of the Kingdom received maximum highs of 35-37 degrees Celsius over the past week, but low-lying regions like the Jordan Valley have experienced higher temperatures, Dr. Abanda said.

Jordan had its highest temperatures in July 1978 when a temperaffecting Iran, Turkey, Greece, ature of 42.2 degrees Celsius was

Agency gets JD 400,000 to produce and export eggs

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Econo- the Kingdom. mic Security Committee has decided to grant a subsidy of JD the Jordan Times, Mr. Irreimeb 400,000 to the Jordan Society for the Production and Marketing of subsidy on egg exports of up to 30 Eggs (JSPME) to belp it produce and expon eggs.

JSPME Director Suleiman

Irteimeh voiced the society's

will hold a general assembly lion eggs annually, of which 400 meeting August 10 to discuss a million can be consumed in Jor-programme for organising the production of table eggs and set-abroad. ing up a centre for grading eggs produced by the society's farms.

Earlier this year, Mr. Irteimeh urged the government to further market during 1987 the supply and demand of eggs in buge surpluses of table eggs.

Speaking in an interview with per cent of the price of eggs so the local produce can outbid international prices.

Last month, Mr. Irteimeh went appreciation of the government's to Baghdad where he signed condecision which he said should tracts for the sale of \$4 million enhance the work of the local worth of eggs to Iraq. Jordan bas worth of eggs to Iraq. Jordan bas a total of 150 poultry farms, Mr. Irteimeh said the JSPME togetber producing some 550 mil-

Iraq last year bought 47 million eggs and the JSPME bopes to sell 60 million table eggs in the Iraqi

subsidise the society's exports in order to strike a balance between tained a JD 1.6 million loss due to

Abu Nuseir Housing Estate units sold

AMMAN (J.T.) — All 3,650 housing units in the Ahu Nuseir Housing Estate have been sold to the private and public sectors. Additional applications submit-ted to the Housing Corporation for units will be diverted to other

poration has huilt units in Yajouz, Marka, and Sahah near Amman, and Mafraq, Ajloun, Jerash to the north, and Ma'an and Tafileh in the south of the

The Ahu Nuseir Housing

Estate has been turned over to the Greater Amman Municipality for these units over 30 years, al's services. The Housing Corporation, nevertheless, will carry out maintenance of the units free

owned units in Ahu Nuseir estate

Nuseir Housing Estate were ex-

built on only half of the land allotted for the original project, which was carried out by French and Chinese contracting firms.

The bousing estate has been provided with basic services and the Housing Corporation has ensured public transport facilities empted from making a down payment on their units. The government on their units. The government on their units.

Mu'ta announces enrollment

AMMAN (J.T.) — Mu'ta University near Karak in sonthern Jordan announced it will admit 700 students into its military and civilian wings for the 1987-88

academic year.

Mr. Qaftan Momani, director of admission and registration. was quoted by the Arabic daily newspaper Sawt Al Shaab as saying that 300 male and female students will be accepted in the civilian wing and 400 to the milit-

IJLTC to study

possible vehicle purchases

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Iraq-Jordan Land Transport Company (IJLTC) is examining the prospect of purchasing spare parts for its fleet of lorries and other vehi-cles from the Arah Federation of Engineering Industries which has

its plants in Tunis.
ULTC Director General Jamil Ibrahim left for Tunis Tuesday to study a possible agreement. In an interview with the Arabic daily Al Ra'i, published Tuesday, Mr. more than JD 1 million in profits in the first half of 1987, despite the current economic recession in

the Arab World.

Mr. Ibrahim also said the company's volume of transported goods via IJLTC vehicles increased by 24 per cent over the volume of the same period last year. The increased volume of operations brought in a 27 per cent rise in revenues in 1986 and there was also a 1.1 per cent drop in expenditures over the same

Nearly 96 per cent of employees and workers at ULTC are lordanians, he said, adding that the company is run by a board of directors formed by Iraqi and Jordanian representatives.

The company has been carrying out job training programmes and offering incentives for workers in an effort to increase general output, Mr. Ibrahim noted. Mr. Ibrahim also said the com-

pany now owns a fleet of 400 ornies in addition to workshops, garages and other installations in Jordan and Iraq.

instead of 25, at an interest of 5.5 zone, Mr. Zawaideh noted, so that it can benefit from the capitper cent. The units at Abu Nuseir were

housing estates in the country, according to Housing Corporation Director Shafiq Zawaideh.

Mr. Zawaideh said the cor-

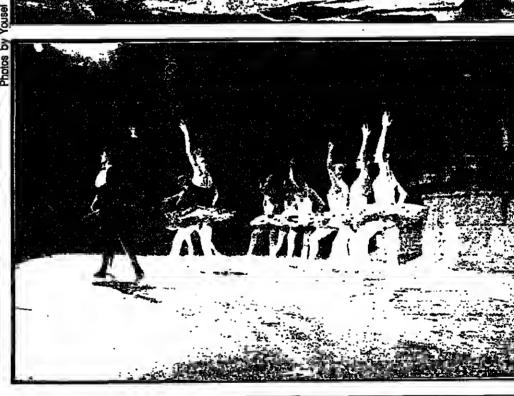
of charge for a year.

Most of the beneficiaries who

are low-income families who will be paying for their homes in monthly instalments over 30 Beneficiaries of the Ahu

According to Mr. Zawaideh, the other half of the land will be put up for sale to the public.





Now into its third week, the 1987 Jerash Festival continues to offer spectators enjoyable entertainment. Starting clockwise from top right:

members of the Le Grand Celeste group from France excite the Forum

audience; bottom right, the Moscow State Ballet Theatre performs majestically at the South Theatre; below left, the Tunisian group of the International Youth Musical Performance presents traditional

songs and dances at the Artemis Steps.

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More than a choice

18 killed in Colombo riots (Continued from page 1)

solution and will fight for a permanent one."

India, the main broker of the pact, has not spelled out how it can make it stick if the Tigers

refuse to cooperate. However, Mr. Gandhi said in New Delhi on Tuesday that India would send observers to help monitor the accord and indicated that a peace-keeping force could be deployed. He gave not details of such a force.

Preparations for a visit to Colombo by Mr. Gandhi on Wednesday to sign an agreement guaranteeing the pact went ahead despite the riots and the mood of uncertainty in the Sri Lankan

In a scene highlighting the ambivaient mood, soldiers. sailors and brass bands rehearsed a ceremonial welcome for Mr. Gandhi on a sea-front promenade while smoke from hurning buildings and vehicles hillowed on the

"As of now he's coming," a Sri Lankan official tol Reuters as the riots died down. "I don't know what will happen later," he

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Our role in UNCTAD VII

IN HIS ADDRESS to the Seventh Session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) in Geneva on Monday, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan made two new important proposals aimed at improving the performance of the international economic system.

The first proposal called for the establishment of an independent and impartial group of men, close tn decision makers in their respective countries, in reassess the world economic situation and recommend solutions to make it healthier and fairer to all.

The second urged the creation of an International Technology Transfer Facility (ITTF) through which development in Third World countries could be helped and supported by technology-rich and wealthy countries.

The Crown Prince also called for reviving a proposal he made back in 1977 to set up an International Labour Compensatory Facility (ILCF) which could support efforts by labour- and expertise-exporting states to enhance their own labour-absorbing capacities and keep

human resources at home. All these proposals are not only worthy of study by the world community; likey should be acted on and pushed to the furefront of international debates that seek practical solutions to world economic

We do not want to sound over-optimistic. But we are told that there are already some positive signs in support of the Crown Prince'a proposals among UNCTAD's delegates and secretariat in Geneva. Other countries, which had been sounded on the proposals before they were made, have also expressed backing and pledged efforts in favour of the ideas contained in Crown Prince Hassan's address on Monday. This is hardly surprising, given His Ruyal Highness's standing as an international economic figure and Jordan's excellent reputation as a force of moderation and achievement in world affairs.

What is needed now is for the Kingdom, along with our partners and friends throughout the world, to make concerted efforts towards bringing the Crown Prince's proposals into focus and to step up those efforts to translate the ideas into realistic and practical recommendations to be acted on by the international community,

This can and should be done by bilateral contacts and strengthening regional and inter-regional cooperation and coordination, and by greater involvement in international issues and the work of world institutions, Jurdan, for instance, shares many problems and thoughts with so many other countries which are attending UNCTAD VII; but its role came to the forefront in the conference only after the Crown Prince himself decided to go to Geneva and address the session and make his proposals. If he had not, the competent ministry might have decided that it was of no concern to us that the Soviet Uninn had finally signed the Commun Fund for Commodities or that Japan had decided to recycle \$30 billion into the international economic system on the eve of UNCTAD VII.

By all accounts, the Crown Prince's address to UNCTAD has given momentum to Jordan's efforts towards translating its moral assets into tangible ones. It is now up to us and to those countries who share nur outlook and aspirations for a better world and more equitable distribution of wealth, to support his proposals and to work towards achieving the aims behind them.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: The strong vs. the weak

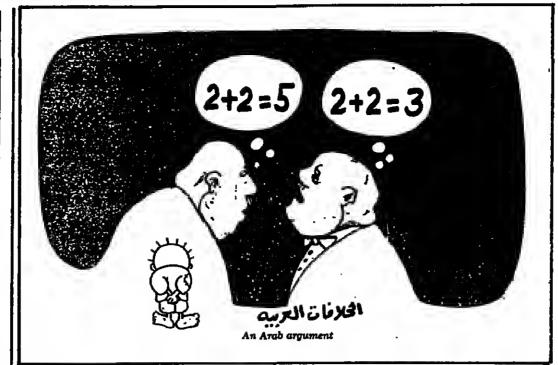
ISRAEL'S Prime Minister Yitzhak Sbamir Monday reiterated his government's intransigent policies with regard to the Middle East issue. He said that israel rejects the idea of an international conference, does not want the Soviet Union to be included in the peace process and can never negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation. This means that Israel's negative attitude towards the peace process is aimed to exclude the Palestinians from the peace negotiations, continue to swallow up Arab land and impose capitulation on the Arabs. Shamir's statement means that Israel's expansionist and terrorist policies and aggression will continue regardless of who is at the helm of government in the Jewish state. The Arabs should realise that regaining their usurped rights and lands and reviving the peace process in their region require from them to undermine Israel's strategy through an intrinsic Arab force, capable of convincing the Israelis that further delay in the peace process entails serious consequences for the Jewish state itself. The Arabs' current drive to convene an international conference should by no means distract them from the task of building their own power for a long struggle against the Israeli aggressors. If they fail to do that Israel will continue to say no 10 any peace bids and constructive initiatives, and the Arabs will then continue to run behind a mirage.

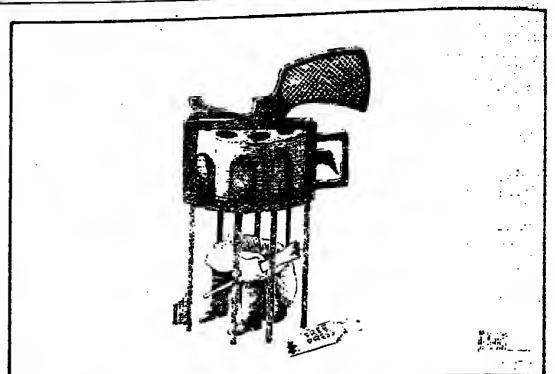
Sawt Al Shaab: Who blundered?

WE believe that foreign intervention in the Gulf area will take on a new dimension because the United States is insisting on acquiring further facilities to help provide protection for international shipping. The United States is now seeking land bases for its troops and war planes under the pretext of giving safety to Kuwaiti tankers and international navigation at large. The Americans have already amassed their fleets, aircraft carriers and war planes and helicopters in the Gulf, but still they claim that this is not enough to enable their forces to provide the required protection. We believe that if denied the land bases, the Americans will announce that they are in the process of revising their earlier decision to provide protection to the Kuwaiti tankers, simply because they are not concerned with finding a solution for the Gulf conflict. The Americans are only concerned with handling the effects of Iranian threat to international shipping and preserving their own interests. Further more it seems that the United States and other world major powers are trying to exploit the United Nations Security Council Resolution 598 in a manner that would serve their own interests and not those of the Gulf area.

Al Dustour: Iran's empty threats

ARAB Gulf states most probably realise that Iran is in no position now to carry out its threats of attacking oil installations on their territory in revenge for their support for Iraq. But it is useful for the leaders of the Gulf Cooperation Council to meet and to seriously consider a joint policy with which to deal with such threats and Iranian blackmail attempts. Iran has been issuing statements containing threats to the Arab states in a bid to force them to stop supporting Iraq. The rulers in Tebran have been bent on exercising such blackmail against the leaders of the Gulf states over the past seven years to no avail. Arab leaders realise this fact, but they ought to find means for aborting all Iranian manoeuvres designed to bring pressure to bear on one nr more of these Gulf countries. Without a pan-Arab strategy and joint force Iran will not be deterred from continuing its threats. We hope that the Iranian threats, voiced by the speaker of the Iranian parliament, would now help bring all Arab leaders together at a summit meening.





Shot cartoonist's sharp weapon in a war of worlds

By David Pallister

NAJI Al'Ali, the Palestinian critically wounded by gunmen in London last Tuesday, is the most famous, most feared and highest paid cartoonist in the Arab

Few regimes or political groups in the Middle East have escaped his stirical pen which, in his own words, he put to the service of "the simple Arabs all over the region who bave few outlets to express their point ot view."

Suggestions that his attackers were pro-Tranian were discounted by bis friends in London and Kuwait. Although he has for the past two years worked on the London-based Kuwaiti newspaper, Al Qabas, which supports Iran in the Gulf war, bis more frequent targets, were the lead-

repressive Arab regimes, including at times lraq.
The PLO in Tunis July 24

accused an unnamed Arab intelligence service of the shooting and the Iranian Embassy in London denied involvement.

Mr. Al Ali knew he was a target ever since he was forced to leave Kuwait in 1985, reportedly at the insistence of the PLO chairman Yasser Arafat. "If I am the first to go," he told an Iraqi poet who was thrown out at the same time, "you will be the

Arafat was infuriated at Mr. Al Ali's characterisation of the PLO leaders as rich men enjoying their fast cars and jet-set travel in the West. He used to call Arafat "Abu Shafaya" or Father of the Lips after the chairman's propensity for kissing children in the TV

ership of the Palestinian Libera-tion Organisation and the more In an interview with Index on Censorship in 1984, he said: "I

also draw rich Palestinians who scream all day about the land and about sacrifices when in fact they are more interested in their financial deals and private gains." As the Gulf Palestinians are a valuable source of funds for the PLO it is thought that Arafat bad even stronger reasons than vanity for his enmity towards Al Ali.

In Britain, Al Qabas installed a security system because of death threats against Al Ali. The editor, Mr. Rafle Khoriti, said on July 24: "We know be was warned so many times last month. Threats were made direct to himself."

As a secular humanist, Al Ali treated the Gulf war as a cruelty inflicted on the people of both sides. He drew cartoons about torture and Iraq's use of chemical

After the seemingly accidental Iraqi missile attack on the U.S.

that Iraq bad deliberately acted as an American agent in the region, drawing the U.S. closer into the conflict. "He deserved to be hanged," his caption went about the execution of the Iraqi pilot. "He only shot one missile. Mr. Al Ali grew up in the Ein

Al Helwa refugee camp in soutb Lebanon in the 50s and 60s. Stirred by the revolution in Egypt and the Algerian war, he drew on the camp walls and then on the walls of Lebanese gaols after his arrest for political activities by the Deuxieme Burcau, the Lebanese intelligence service. Surrounded by armies, be said

later, "I never felt fear, failure or despair, and I didn't surrender. I faced armies with cartoons, with drawings of flowers, hope and bullets. My work in Beirut made me once-again closer to the refugees in the camps, the poor and the barassed," Despite his many Frigate Stark in May be hinted enemies, Mr. Al Ali's cartoons



Naji Al Ali

sians."

are still widely published in the Middle East. Except in Egypt, the art is something of an innovation the region where the censors have troubled themselves more with words and poetry --- The



Dhabia Khamiss imprisoned but no charges

Columnist silenced

By Victoria Brittain

DHABIA KHAMISS, one of the Gulf's best known women writers and journalists has become the first known female political prisoner in the United Arab Emirates. Detained seven weeks ago, she has not been charged, and her mother has not been allowed to visit her.

Last year in London Dhabia Khamiss told the magazine Index on Censorship that freedom of expression in the United Arab Emirates was "deteriorating rapidly." She is a poet, writer of short stories, TV producer and columnist, but has been regularly prevented from publishing in the

column for the conservative Saudi Arabian Al Majallah which focused mainly on issues relating to women and culture. The column is believed to have led to her arrest - The Guardian.

Rebel quarrels reveal split over Afghan king ministries and the post of vice- a peace settlement, failed to im-Moscow's commitment to its who has no enmity with the Rus-

By Oliver Wates Reuter

ISLAMABAD -- A bout of public squabbling has underlined bitter divisions among Afghan rebel leaders on whether exiled King Zahir Shah can help end the devastating guerrilla war in their country.

Last weekend one leader, Sibghatullah Mojadidi, warned-that the issue could cause a split among the seven party chiefs in Western-backed rebel alliance based in Pakisian.

Another, Islamic radical Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, said he would fight on against any coalition government headed by the king if it was sponsored by The dispute resurfaced after

the rebels rejected out of hand the latest compromise proposal from the Soviet-backed Kabul government.

Ruling Communist leader Najib offered last month to give 13 president to his opponents, while retaining the presidency and security-related posts.

The proposal was aimed largely at the three parties on the "nationalist" wing of the alliance, headed by Mojadidi, Syed Ahmad Gailani and Mohammad Nabi Mohammadi.

All three dismissed the offer as a propaganda ploy and . ruler of Afgbanistan. . reiterated their unrelenting de-mands for the withdrawal of ber of Najib's party, Sulaiman only way to end the conflict.

Since the beginning of the year. Kabul has issued a steady stream of proposals for peace talks, a ceasefire and a coalition government. The rebels have unanimously dismissed every one as divisive propaganda not to be trusted.

Even a suggestion by Najib, in answer to a question at a Moscow news conference, that he would step down himself if it would help press the rebels. "It means the Russians have

maybe got fed up with him, they want to get rid of him," Mojadidi. head of the Jabha-l-Nijat-l-Milli Party, told Reuters. The only issue where any com-

mon ground is visible seems to be Zahir Shah, the 73-year-old king. ousted in 1973 after 40 years as

Soviet troops, estimated by the West to number 115,000, as the ready to accept the return of the king if it would help peace. But it had had no direct contact with

The rebels are divided. The "nationalist" wing favours the idea, the four-party "fundamentalist" wing is by and large againsı it.

For the pro-king parties, Zahir Shah represents the only realistic chance for a settlement, given that the Soviet forces cannot realistically be driven out while allies in Kabul lasts. To the anti-king group, his

return would mean going hack tn system which allowed the Kremlin to infiltrate Afghanistan in the first place and imply an unacceptable degree of Soviet influence.

Each side says it is backed by the overwhelming bulk of the Mujahideen guerrilla fighters and the estimated five million Afghan

refugees, "Ninety to 95 per cent of the people agree on a government of the king. They want to get rid of the Russians any way (possible)." Mojadidi said.

the Mujahideen side. When they the Mujahideen side. When they ple." he said at a news conference make a withdrawal it must be in Peshawar.

with respect and honour. "We don't agree to a government of a Communist regime. There must be a third solution.

Mojadidi's proposal, aired also at a news conference with Mohammadi last week, is for

Zahir Shah to take over as head of an interim government for six months to a year, while peace is restored. Elections would then be held for a new government. Yunus Khalis, head of Hezb-l-Islami (Khalis), immediately de-

nounced the proposal in a newspaper interview as a Soviet conspiracy to install a Trojan horse" in Afghanistan.

Hekmatyar was equally forthright. "When Zahir Shah was ojadidi said.

Overthrown not a single man fired in his favour, either in the army withdraw from Afghanistan and or among civilians. Rather the leave behind a government from tanks were garlanded by the peo-

"Zahir Shab can come neither through Pakistan nor through Iran. If he comes at all he will be coming through Moscow - if he That solution is a neutral man comes, we will continue to fight."

HAPPY HOUR Thats what we offer for

French politicians keeping mum about presidential poll

By Simon Haydon Reuter

PARIS - French President Francois Mitterrand says be won't, but he probably will. Prime Minister acques Chirac and former Prime Minister Raymond Barre refuse

seems certain they will. In fact only a Communist, a Frotskyist and an extreme rightist have announced they are in the running to become president of France in elections scheduled for

May 1988. battling to avoid being forced to be the first to say they will run in of a Socialist president and a

conservative government.
"Most of them feel that the first to announce he is a candidate is almost certain to flop," said one Socialist parliamentarian. In the meantime, the centreright government of Chirac, elected in March 1986, is weighed

down by electoral calculations and showing increasing confusion over its legislative plans. One of Chirac's most controversial bills, to reform France's nationality laws to crack down on immigration, has been

nudged aside to be studied by a parliamentary commission, and is unlikely to be voted before the presidential polls. But political analysts say growing support for the far-right

National Front's anti-immigration policies might prompt the 54-year-old Chirac to reactivate the bill. Mitterrand appears to be holding all the cards at the moment, with his relative powerlessness

over day-to-day affairs at home

making him largely immune from

criticism. Rivals of the 70-year-old presi-dent on both right and left are finding it increasingly difficult to stand by while opinion polls show his popularity growing with each opinion poll.

"Frankly, all Mitterrand needs to do at the moment is to keep quiet, and present himself six weeks before the election," the parliamentarian, who declined to be named, added.

It is not yet known if Mitterrand will stand for another seven-year to say if they will or won't - but term of office, but the chances of another Socialist candidate winning are slim, according to the

> On the political right, Chirac appears virtually certain to stand. as does Barre.

These two political France's leading politicians are heavyweights - Barre is a former prime minister - look set to slug it out in the first round of voting a poll that will be the first major test of the country's bizarre mix but the two most popular candidates drop out after the first

> Opinion polls bave usually shown Chirac trailing slightly behind Barre, who, like Mitterrand, has the advantage of being able to stand above day-to-day political battles.

Chirac, on the other hand, appears in the worst position. nce March 1986, when the Socialist government was ousted, he and Mitterrand have worked together in a stormy marriage of convenience, dubbed "cohabita-

tion" in France. Mitterrand has used all the political cunning of 40 years experience — he is known in France as "the Sphinx" — to present himself as a people's president.

Politicial analysts now discuss what they call the second stage of cohabitation, when the gloves are off and Chirac, Barre and Mitterrand have announced their candidatures. Sources in the Socialist Party

say the present government would almost certainly be dissolved if the left won May's elections, and new parliamentary elections would be called later in Government spokesman Denis Baudouin told a regular news

briefing Chirac hoped the cam-

paign would be as short as possi-

ble as it was bound to disrupt government business.

The prime minister would prefer this period to be as short as possible ... He has a lot of work to do before the end of this year," Baudouin added.

As well as pushing through economic and social reforms that have done little to improve his popularity, Chirac faces a dilemma over how to cope with growing support for the National

The National Front has already announced party leader Jean Marie le Pen will run for presi-

Polls show that National Front winning up to 20 per cent support in the first round of the presiden-

tial election. Chirac bas been troubled by trying to recapture some of the far-right's support by advocating a tougher line on immigration, which bas in turn brought angry protests from the centrist section

of his centre-right coalition. But if Chirac has failed to use cohabitation to gain popularity, most analysts agree the powersharing experiment has worked surprisingly well.

Many predicted it would collapse within months, especially after Mitterrand announced days after be lost his parliamentary majority in 1986 that be would not stand by and allow Chirac to introduce anti-social measures.



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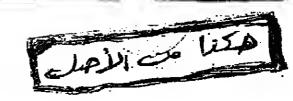
Take-away service



EVERY







British Telecom gets its lines crossed

A jewel in Margaret Thatcher's privatisation crown was British Telecom. However, things have not gone quite to plan. Terry Dodsworth examines mounting criticism of the telephone company.

LONDON — The timing must have been unintentional, but British Telecom's report and accounts for its last financial year could hardly have been published on a day when they were more likely to catch the eye.

The corporation has just suffered a bad time, hit by perhaps the worst spell of public criticism since the heady days of privatisa-

It has been lambasted on the one side by the office of Telecommunications, the industry's regulatory watchdog, and on the other by the National Consumer Council. It has been taken to task for its record in repairing faults, and attacked for its prices and delays in installing business lines. Recently, its main union joined in the fray, declaring that customers were right to complain about prices and "continuing declining

BT showed that it was willing to eat at least some humble pie in the face of this onslaught. At a Financial Times conference aimed specifically at the business market, Mr. Paul Reevey, BT's director of sales, said that the company was not satisfying its ness customers. The company had particularly fallen be-hind in London, he said, sandbagged by a combination of bad mand and its engineers' strike. But this note of contrition was not easy to find in the company's report. Indeed, the news release accompanying the accounts was headed uncomprisingly "A year of notable successes," while Sir George Jefferson, BT's chairman, said that although the company knew it had some problems, "these should not be allowed to hide the very real achievements of 1986-' He went on to list a number of developments: 2.5 million more lines in service since privatisation, a 50 per cent increase in

network, more than half the £160 million payphone modernisation programme completed, and so These figures are all clearly statements of objective facts abont the group's performance. But the NCC survey, conducted by the MORI polling group among 1,884 adults in early March, shows a very different perception of the company among the public at large. More than 50 per cent of consumers it says, now believe

City demand for private circuits.

£6 million (\$9.6 million) spent on modernising and expanding the

per cent for electricity.
Far more people also believe

that BT prices are unreasonable,

against 23 per cent for gas, and 35

against BT than against the gas, electricity or water utilities, and the group's record on failed or unsatisfactory calls is reckoned to have shown no improvement since 1984.

So what is going on? Is BT in danger of replacing British Rail as everyone's Aunt Sally?

Why is there this large, and seemingly growing, discrepancy between the company's claims about its performance and the public perception of the quality of its services?

Professor Bryan Carsberg, director general of Oftel, has made it clear in some of his recent comments that he believes that a strong element of the problem lies in the question of perceptions. He has had to steer a cautious course, since he is under attack himself from the NCC, because of his dual role in regulating the industry and dealing with complaints on a report like NCC's which deals, he says, with people's views about the situation rather than the objective facts.

Nevertheless, these attitudes are real enough for the people who hold them, and they seemed to have been hardened up by several events in recent months. Among these are:

The explosion of demand in the City, which, according to Mr. Reevey, ran out of control after Christmas. Although BT claims to have planned meticulously for the Big Bang, its forecasts came nowhere near the outcome, leav-

a sector of the community which is not slow to complain.

 Teething problems and a hiccup in the installations of its new digital System X exchanges, which has left the company dangerously short of capacity in some areas. Here again, the com-pany has shot itself in the foot by allowing these difficulties to emerge in residential areas around the city of London populated by articulate and sometimes influential critics.

 The engineer's strike in February also set the company back on its new installation prog-

 Since privatisation, the company has also considerably raised its profile and the expectations of the public in what it will deliver. Indeed, it is these increased expectations which may have become the biggest problem for the group as it struggles to balance its radical modernisation program-me against the City's demands for an improved profits performance and the bumble customer's for a telephone which works.

The public has been taught by BT's publicity and the bype about privatisation to demand more than BT can, for the moment, apparently, easily deliver. It is now up to the corporation to live up to its claims, and a government which is as committed as the present one to the cause of privatisation must be anxious to see that it does - Financial Times

Computer centre stores the Holy Koran

By Jeffrey Bartholet

CAIRO - The words of Allah, originally jotted down on camel bones, leather and stone, are now packed into a one-megabyte com-

puter programme designed to revolutionise Islamic learning. The innovation is the first major change in the Middle Eastern production of the Koran, holy book to the World's one billion Muslims, since the printing press

nearly two centuries ago. Marketers of the Arabic-language programme say it will spur Koranic study by allowing researchers to probe the voluminous work at push-button speed.

replaced Arab calligraphers

For Islamic educators, a quiz came is included in the programme to help students memorise any of 6,616 verses. Often stored in velvet-lined

boxes, the Koran is the most sacred work of Islamic theology, as well as the Arab World's most distinguished piece of literature. Muslims believe the Koran is God's word as delivered to the Prophet Mohammad by the

By Dr. Bernd Schuh

A.D., Augustine, the ecclesias-

tical scholar, asked the question:

What did God do before be

created the material world?" He

jokingly supplied the answer him-

self: "He created hell for people

who ask such questions." This, of

course, deterred neither him nor

scientists in modern times from

examining the origin and de-

velopment of the world more

In this century, in particular,

cosmology has in increasing mea-

sure left the field of theoretical

speculation and entered a phase

of experimental verification. One

of the milestones in this develop-

cribing Allah's verses from paper to computer chip. "They checked word by word, letter by letter, and then letter by

Kuwait have reviewed each char-

acter in the programme to ensure

that no error was made in trans-

letter backwards," said Sherif Al Ezzawi, the representative in Egypt of Kuwait's Al Alamiya Company, which designed the programme and also markets electronic games.

Ezzawi said there was no question of tampering with the text, adding "there's all kinds of technology to make sure you can't interfere.

The fill-in-the-blank quiz, for example, does not allow an incorrect answer to appear on the monitor.

The type of Arabic script in the programme is the same as that used since the Caliph Othman had the words committed to paper about 1,300 years ago.

To be accepted, the computerised Koran still must win approval from religious authorities in Archangel Gabriel over a 23-year Sandi Arabia and Egypt. Early

according to the project's back-About 30 researchers in ers, who hope to market their product from September.

The programme bas been shown in Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Iraq, Oman, Jordan, Morocco. Tunisia, Algeria and North

Yemen. "The results have been positive beyond belief because of the precision of the programme and its usefulness to the Koran researcher," Riyadh Al Sharikh, publications director of Al Alamiya, told Renters in Kuwait

The Koranic programme will be subject to the same Islamic injunctions as apply to the book,

A Muslim woman in her menstrual cycle will be prohibited religiously from using the prog-ramme, and a man after making love will have to wash himself before touching the cartridge.

Sharikh said the programme would be marketed first in the Arab World then in other Islamic countries. Al Alamiya was already developing new versions of the programme, including one with voice capability, be said. The biggest target area for the

period during the 7th century response bas been positive, \$80 package will be Cairo. "The city of a thousand minarets." where men regularly visit mosques and campus gardens to leaf through pages of "The Book," as

the Koran is sometimes called. The average per capita income in Egypt is about \$400 per year. but Ezzawi says there is an expanding market for home compu-

ters among the more affluent of the country's 50 million people. Thronghout the Middle East, the Koran is prominently displayed in people's homes, in car windows, and is often placed in

shop windows to deter burglars. The computer version will not fulfil the same timeless symbolic functions, but it will bring the ancient work up to date with modern technology.

To display the speed of the Koranic programme, Ezzawi asked the computer to search the text for a certain Arabic word. Within seconds, the programme produced a list of verses, including verse 33 of sura 55:

"If you have the power to penetrate the heavens and earth, then penetrate," said Allah, "But know that you will never be able to do so without my sanction."

weather, extraordinary high dethey have grounds for complaint ing many dissatisfied customers in Carnage on motorways appals Germans

By Michael Stott

BONN - Some West Germans are protesting at mounting carnage on the motorways, but few politicians dare challenge the sacred freedom to race unchecked on the Western world's only

speed limit-free highways. Newcomers to West Germany often flinch as their airport taxi mars up the two-lane motorway into town at speeds up to 180 kmh (110 mph), frequently just inches from the bumper of the car in

It may be legal, but the consequences are often grim. A May holiday weekend disaster on the A9 in Bavaria had 171 cars, eight trucks and three buses

people were killed and 92 in-"Racetrack Germany — a nation drives amok," screamed a

slamming into each other. Two

recent front page of the weekly news magazine Der Spiegel. So frequent is the motorway pile-up that it has earned itself a special name in German --- mas-

senkarambolage. Sociologist Wolfgang Sachs blamed an innate German "lust for victory and fear of being insulted" for the wild motorway behaviour in a recent book enti-

tled "The Love of The Car." Last year 763 West Germans died on the country's motorways, 14 per cent more than in 1985, the transport ministry said. The number of injured leapt 20 per cent to

Overall road deaths in West-Germany stood at 8,942 last year, meaning that someone dies on West German roads every hour.

The country has a bad record compared with other major industrialised nations. Official fipures showed 14.7 deaths per 100,000 inhabitants in 1986, com-

pared to 9.7 in Britain and 7.9 in Japan, France, however, had 19

deaths per 100,000 last year. But proponents of a speed limit face an almost impossible task. Attempts over the last 20 years to curb motorway speeds have always failed.

The defence of "free speed for free citizens" is orchestrated here by the eight-million-strong ADAC automobile club.

"A speed limit wouldn't do any good, we're not going to bring one in," Chancellor Helmut Kohl was quoted as saying last month. It was a rare pubbe comment on a subject most politicians avoid.

The new conservative-liberal government in Hessen state even removed some speed limits on particularly accident-prone sections of the motorways there, saying they were unnecessary and unjustified.

For the (federal) government, the supposed right of the speed- car.

"Speed in itself is not the issue. What matters is whether the speed is suitable for the traffic," retorted Dionys Jobst, a deputy in the governing coalition.

Traffic experts say that drivers after a brief spell of responsible behaviour during the energy and environmental crises of the 1970s and early 1980s, are now returning to their old habits.

The rise in motorway deaths last year came in spite of new technology such as safer braking systems and better lighting. Munich firm Koenig Specials recently announced what they say

ing swine to free development of their craving for speed is more important than the lives of other drivers and passengers," Greens party deputy Michael Weiss said in a parliamentary debate last

> ment was Edwin Hnbblc's discovery in the 1920s that all galaxies flee from each other. Supported by Albert Einstein's general theory of relativity, the concept has subsequently been expounded that stars and galaxies, firmly attached to an expanding space

like dots on an inflating balloon, are slowly but surely drifting Traced back into the past, this movement of cosmic masses, in turn, takes us back via increasingly shrinking universe having a is the world's fastest road-going

Big Bang' or 'Big velopment, i.e., a dot-like singularity or an expanding and timeless nothing from which the whole world of space, time and matter originated in a gigantic "big flash." A further indication of this Big Bang may well have been provided by an astronomical discovery back in the 1960s, the "Three-Degree Background Radiation". This "cold" radiation of three degrees Kelvin, which affects the whole universe in like manner, can be best described as a sort of after-glow

following the "Big Bang." However, even today, the "Big Bang' theory is not entirely satisfactory for many cosmologists. In particular, the concept of a literally neverending high density of matter, and the corresponding high temperature following the creation of the universe, has something unscientifically mysterious about it. Furthermore, researchers continue to be plagued by Aogustine's question: "What was there previously?" Dr. Hans-Joachim Blome, Institut fur theoretische Physik (Institute of Theoretical Physics), Cologne University, and Professor Wolfgang Priester, Institut fur Astrophysik und Extraterrestriasgrowing density of matter, to the che Forschung (Institute of

Bounce'? Astrophysics and Extraterrestrial Research), Bonn University, recently presented a new cosmology which dispenses with the point - like "Big Bang." There is no beginning of space or time in the Bonn model. Space, initially devoid of matter, has "always" been there. Conceived once more as an expandable balloon, the "space bubble" first empty sbrank in the very distant past. but did not reach the point of disappearing in this model. Instead, it swung through a condition of smallest capacity and from

there on it began to expand into

eternity. Thus, even in the new cosmological model, one point in time stands out among all others, i.e., the moment in which primeval space could no longer be further condensed, in the same way as a bouncing rubber ball corrects its deformation and bounces back. The Bonn cosmologists call this moment the Big Bonnce, which replaces the theory of the Utknall, the "Big Bang." In this new starting point of creation a kind of transformation phase emerges, which is similar to the condensation of water drops from oversaturated steam. This new stage produces the original matter which, as the "Big Bang" theory, forms the stars and galaxies as the development of the

universe progresses. On the basis of the equality of mass and energy formulated by Albert Einstein, bowever, the gigantic level of energy, which now fills our space in the form of visible and invisible cosmic masses, must have been there before the "Big Bounce." Accordingly. primeval space was not entirely "empty": It was filled with a substrate of matterless energy. "Big Bounce" cosmology identifies this "basic source of creation" as something that is known to physicists as quantum vacuum.

This mysterious-sounding term describes a sort of basic state of all fields of force. Its reality can even be experimentally demonstrated by something familiar to most of us: The electromagnetic field. This is the term used by physicists to describe the carrier and transmitter of forces created by electric currents and chages, or magnets. Whereas physics in the last century claimed that an electromagnetic field vanished if its sources were removed, either by switching off all current supplies or screening off charges and magnets, quantum physics in this century knows better - in accordance with reality.

- German Research Service.

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Libya, citing 'technical problems', pulls out of All Africa Games

Niger, Liberia may follow suit due to dire financial straits

NAIROBI (R) — Libya has pulled out of next week's All Africa Games in Kenya for unexplained technical reasons, Isaac Lugonzo, according to chairman of the games organising committee.

"Libya telexed us saying that they were unable to participate due to technical problems," he said Monday.

Asked whether Libya had explained the nature of these problems, he replied "they did not and we did not bother to try and find out because once people say it is due to technical problems or circumstances beyond their control, there is nothing you can do."

We feel sorry that they are not participating, hut there it is,

Lihya's withdrawal from the August 1-12 games follows a sharp deteriorating in the country's relations with Kenya earlier

The Kenyan government expelled five Libyan diplomats in May after accusing them of trying to recruit as spies several students

who had been expelled from local

universities. Lugonzo said that aithough he had seen press reports indicating that Niger and Liberia were also withdrawing from the games for financial reasons, he had not been formally notified of such a

He also stressed that Sierra Leone was free to attend the games, wbether or not it was in arrears to the Supreme Council

for Sport in Africa (SCSA). "I was to repeat that any country which has not paid its membership fees to the council is free to come and participate... there is no rule that they would be bar-

We as the organising committee have been asked to receive anybody who has filled in forms

A senior Sierra Leonean sports official flew to Yaounde on Mon-

day for talks with the SCSA secretariat after being notified by the council that Sierra Leone would be barred from the All Africa Games unless it cleared a \$73,000 debt to the continental sports body.

countries officially left in the games, which will be formally inaugurated by Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi on Saturday. Several teams have already arrived in Nairobi, hut most are expected towards the end of this

Libya's withdrawal leaves 44

'African Emirate' declines to send team

Oil-rich Gabon will not take part in the All Africa Games after the government turned down a request from Sports Minister Victor Afene for additional funds, a sports ministry source said on

The decision to cancel Gabon's participation was taken by Afene, who asked two months ago that a special grant to be earmarked in the state budgt to meet the cost of

The government said it could not meet the cost because of financial difficulties aggravated by a slump in oil export revenues. Gabon, often dnhbed "Central Africa's Emirate" with a 1.1 mil-

sending a four-athlete team to

Nairobi

lion population and a per capita income of \$4,250 was scheduled to compete in trak and field and

Best chance for a medal was Odette Mistoul, winner of the shot-put gold medal at the last All Africa Games held in 1982 in

the four athletes currently training in France, the source added. Gabon is the second Francophone state, with povertystricken Niger, to decline to attend the Nairobi games for financial reasons.

Becker condemns Americans' behaviour

BONN (R) - Boris Becker, hero person. of West Germany's Davis Cup victory over the United States in Connecticut at the weekend, has condemned John McEnroe and his team for whipping their fans into a frenzy.

Becker, interviewed hy the West German Sports News Agency SID after winning the deciding singles against Tim Mayotte on Monday night, said the Americans had no right to complain of Davis Cup conditions in Latin America after the way they be-haved in the World Group relega-

"The U.S. players made their compatriots crazy," he said. "They should never complain again about the South Amer-

"I was just as bad as in Mexico or Paraguay. John McEnroe's behaviour was especially disgraceful.

Becker, 19, said the former world number one "is a great player. I admire him as a tennis player but I pity him as a

FIRST RACE 4.00

1. Mohammad Maeesh Mittal

2- Mohammad Maeesh Millak

4- Dr. A. El Haigez A. Wandy

Mohammad A El Elnaby

THIRD RACE 5.00

Mamdouh Shahir El Hadeed

3- Mamdouh Shahir El Hadleed

7- HH Late Sheril Plase Stuble

8- H.H. Late Sherif Nasir Stable

13- Mohammad Yousef A. Swailim Rawan

- Mohammad A Ei Jalii

7 Basil Yousel Awaydin

1- Ghalib Hadgadin

4- Khalil Haddadin

5- Khalil Haddadin

6- A Jabir and 8akheet

9- Samy Yacoub Madros

12: Nimir Et Himburd

14- Nimir El Hmoud

10- Kamal Wasil El Baharat

11: Wasil Famal El Scharal

Abdullah El Jamany

FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

SIA El Salami Owner

Owner

Owner

Trainer

George

Owner

Owner

Owner

Owner

Abbas

Adnan

1- Farhan Faliti Öudih

2: Dary Basheer El Shaio

3. rahia Mohammad Khairi

5- Salim Awwad Klaifan

6- Naiel El Hageed

8- Abid A El Rahman

11- Sail Ghazy A Jabir

12- Sail Ghazy A. Jabir

13. Samy Ahmad El Ashian

7- Ibrahim Ellozy

5 Maeen

Makadeer

Ghareeb

Horse

Dorgham

Robanih

El Hairry

Vardih

Sabalan

∳ amar

A El Maha

A. Et Fawació

Shahabrak

DISTANCE 2000 METRES

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

DISTANCE 1000 METRES

And of the crowd-inciting be-

haviour of the U.S. team as a whole, he said: "I find their actions simply a shame, nasty and We are together (on the inter-

national circuit) 10 months of the year... and here we are met with bate," Becker added.

"The behaviour of the fans is no big deal, that's normal in the Davis Cup," he said, "but the lost t fans were goaded hy McEnroe year.

The International Tennis Federation (ITF) banned Paraguay from hosting another Davis Cup tie this year following incidents during the first round against the United States in Asuncion.

> Spain at the weekend was played in Caracas, a neutral venue. West Germany also experienced crowd hostility when they lost to Mexico in Mexico City last

SECUND HAUE 4.30

FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

DISTANCE 1000 METRES

Horse

El Rayah

El Midalalih

El Hamdany

Mazyoun

Tank.

Azzih

Horse

El Zafıı

Diana

El Talak

Aghadeer

H Maeer

Shamaah

Makboul

Weight

48 5

48.5

Jockey

Mwalak

Dadallah

Rasheed

Mahmoud

A Jacheel 48.5

Ahmad

Fawaz

George

Saad

H El Romman

Trainer

Owner

George

Mahsm

Mohsin

Öwner

Trainer

Nımıh

Owner

George

Khaii Eldin

Mahmoud

DISTANCE 1000 METRES

Their quarter-final against

2 Americans stopped in S.African bouts

JOHANNESBURG (R) — South Africa's white heavyweight boxing hope Johnny Du Plooy kept his unbeaten professional record when he knocked out American Tyrone Booze in the second round of a scheduled 10-round bout Monday mght. Booze was knocked down three times in the second round. Du Plooy became visibly angry when Booze began taunting him and launched a flurry of punches that put the American down for a count of eight. Booze got upright only to be sen, back to the canvas under another onslaught. He staggered to his feet once more but Du Plooy's response was unremitting and this time the American was counted out. In the main supporting bout, South African middleweight champion Gregory Clark recorded an easy technical knock-out victory over American Milton Leaks, also in the second round.

FRIDAY'S RACES AT THE ROYAL RACING CLUB-TUNEIB

Jockey"

Mostala

Ahmad

Rasheed

George

Jockey

George

Ahmad

Elea

Fawaa

Saad

Mahmoud Mahmoud 48.5

Youset

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

DISTANCE 1600 METRES

4- Awwad Mohamoud Mohammad M. Tank

9- Lorance Mohammad Rasheed Mahbobaty

10- Mamdouh Yousel El Abbady El Naisah

F.haii Eldin Rasheed

FIFTH RACE 6.00

53

53

48.5

HALEEM SALFITY & SONS CO. CUP

S Harnzih

Jraiban

Mashhour

Shamith

M Firas

M Naila

Mohtarah

A Hisban

A El Zawahrih Owner

53 51 5

Mahmoud

Weight

Owner

Owner

1. Mishaal El Faies

2- Mishaal El Faiez

3- Hany El Hadeed

5- Nimir El Hmoud

6 Khalil Haddadin

7- khalil Haddadin

8- Ghalib Haddadin

9- Ghalib Haddadin

11- Alv Fareed Et Saad

Owner

Owner

Owner

Owner

Cwner

Owner

Owner

1- Sail El Deen N El Ipil

6- Naif Anwar El Shalan

8- Wasil Kamal El Bisharal

9- Jamai Mohammad El Zabin

FOURTH RACE 5.30

5- H.H. Late Sheril Nasir Slable

2-Sarl El Deen N Ipl

3. Ghalib Haddadin

4- Nimir El Hmoud

The ministry is calling home

S.Arabia grants Syria \$5 million

RIYADH (R) — Saudi Arabia has given Syria \$5 million towards the cost of the 10th Mediterranean Games to be held in Latakia in September, the Saudi Press Agency SPA has reported. Nearly 5,000 athletes from 17 countries are expected to take part in the biggest sports event ever to be staged by Syria.

Coe hopes to compete in Rome

LONDON (R) - Double Olympic 1,500 metres champion Sebastian Coe of Britain may run in the World Athletics Championships in Rome next month despite an

Achilles tendon tronhle has prevented Coe, 30, from running competitively for 10 weeks...

JOCKEY

George

Fawaz

kasim

Jockey

A Jabir

Ahmad

Elect

Khaii Eldin Rasheed

Mahmoud

A Jagheef 57

Rasheed

Mahmoud 545

Weight

50

Weigh

58 5

50 50

Graf survives Hy as seeded nations advance in Federation Cup

VANCOUVER (R) — West German Steffi Graf prevailed over a startling Patricia Hy of Hong Kong, and a recuperating Hana Mandlikova led Czechoslovakia's advance on Monday as first-round play went according to form in the 25th Federation Cup Women's Team Tennis Cham-

Czechoslovakia, West Germany, Argentina and the Soviet Union, seeded second, third, sixth and eighth respectively in the \$325,000 tournament, all won their first-round matches 3-0, with only the West Germans taken further than the minimum six sets.

Czechoslovakia overpowered Sweden, West Germany defeated Hong Kong, Argentina crushed an inexperienced Switzerland and the Soviet Union breezed by Israel as the lower half of the 32-nation main draw opened play on the hard courts of Hollyburn Country Club.

In the day's other matches, South Korea beat Norway and Yugoslavia turned back Poland. both winning 2-1 by taking the deciding doubles.

Host Canada gained the second round, leading The Netherlands 2-0 with their douhies match under way. New Zealand and an exhausted Brazilian team, who arrived without their luggage at dawn, here tied I-I with their doubles match still to be completed.

Claudia Kohde-Kilsch gave West Germany a I-0 lead with a 6-0, 6-2 win over Paulette Moreno, but Graf had a much tougher match than she had expected from a player ranked 79th in the

The 18-year-old Graf, the number two player in the world whose loss to Martina Navratilova in the Wimbledon finals was her first in 46 matches, never seemed on track in outlasting the Camboplayer called her best match ever.

Hy, 21. reeled off about a dozen backhand winners from the baseline to take the first set on a 7-5 tiehreaker and battled to 4-4

"I knew she was going for winners but I didn't expect her to do that well," Graf said. "I wasn't really there all the time

Hy was clated by her performance. "It's the best match I've ever played, because she is the highest-ranked player I've ever faced. I think I might have won if I got some more first serves in,"

Bettina Bunge and Silke Mcier combined to beat Hy and Moreno in the doubles 6-I, 6-I. Mandlikova, the Australian

Open champion who was playing after injuring her left foot, had round.

dian-born Hy, 6-7, 6-2, 6-4, in some trouble with her service but what Hong Kong's number one still beat Caterina Lindqvist of Sweden 6-3, 6-2 to give Czechoslovakia a 2-0 lead in the featured event on the stadium court.

"I'm glad that I'm back playing said Mandlikova, who married a Czechoslovak-born Sydney restaurateur at the Federation Cup in Prague last year and has been granted Australian residency as she seeks citizenship

Helena Sukova beat Carina Karlsson 6-4, 6-4 in the opening singles, and Mandlikova and Jana Novotna made quick work of Lindstrom and Lindqvist in the doubles, 6-3, 6-2.

Cup-holding United States. seeded first despite the absence of an injured Navratilova, wcre scheduled to play their opening match on the stadium court on Tuesday against unseeded Japan as the 16 teams in the top half of her first match in two months the draw complete the first

Balance, dexterity and looping stunts on show in cycling festival

Text and Photo by Peter Baratta

AMMAN — For most people, bicycles are merely a form of transportation, a manually-powered vehicle used to travel from

one place to another. For participants of cycle-ball and artistic cycling, bicycles become more than just two-wheeled instruments with pedals and handlebars. They become extensions of the riders' bodies, used masterfully and precisely to execute impressive feats of balance and control.

Audiences at the Roman Amphitheatre have been treated to such performances over the last few nights hy a West German group of European and World champion artistic cyclists and cycle-ball riders, who are currently

visiting Jordan. The group, which will hold performances nightly at 7:30 until Thursday, are dedicated perfor-

mers who have spent most of their lives training on bicycles, said Secretary General of the Indoors Cycling International Commission (CIS) Hans Born, the head of the visiting team. Cycle-ball is played by two

teams of two players each. The flow of the game resembles soccer, with both teams attempting to score in the opponent's goal. The players use their bicycles to move around, pass the hall and take and block shots on goal. The idea of playing soccer on

bicycles may sound awkward, but the players possess strength, speed, control and quick reflexes to keep the game at a high level of excitement. In fact, the players are so experienced that their front-tire goal shots at times move faster than soccer shots.

Artistic cycling is perhaps best described as a combination of gymnastics and ballet on wheels. Riders perform to music and use balance, dexterity and concentra-



Cycle-ball riders "lock wheels" in an attempt to gain control of

Cyclists ride backwards on their rear tires, one of the group's many synchronised stunts.

tion to perform many stunts, including handstands on handlebars and riding the bicycle on its front wheel like a unicycle.

Dieter Maute, a world cham-pion artistic cyclist, dazzles the audience with his solo performance. Balancing himself in every conceivable position, the 20-yearold West German performed a wide array of tricks, including using the bicycle as a moving balance beam, holding himself up with his hands and spinning around the handlebars.

For all the furious and aggressive movement of cycle-ball and

to fall from a bicycle and land short time, he said.

Indoor cycling "is no more dangerous than other sports." Mr. Steinmeier said. "You learn at the youngest years how to fall," he said. And although "it looks dangerous, it is not so."

Mr. Jihad Sager, chairman of the Middle East Academy of Sports (MESA), the organisation sponsoring the event, said the Arab Cycling Federation is trying to popularise and promote indoor cycling throughout the Arah Vorid.

Mr. Sager said indoor cycling is interesting because it allows the the seemingly dangerous posi-tions of artistic cycling, the team events gymnastic and soccer-like audience to view contrasting has had little problem with falls events on moving bicycles. It also and has had no serious injuries ... allows the audience to watch the event from one location, unlike According to Thomas Stein- other hicycle events, which meier, one of the riders, indoor stretch over miles and can be viewed from only one place for a

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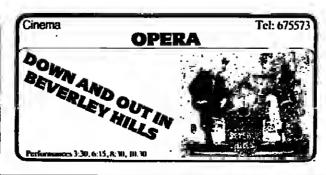
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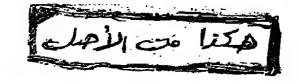






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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following were the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets on Tuesday.

One U.S. dollar 1.3321/26 1.8570/77 2.0925/35 1.5397/5407 38.48/51

6.1770/1800 1344/1345 150.60/70 6.4675/4725 6.8250/8300 7.0450/0500

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Share prices surged in late afternnon business, moving ahead after a midsession full on the back of the sharply

higher Wall Street opening, dealers said.

Equities had risen smartly from the opening on Tuesday on bargain hunting after Monday's lows and ahead of the confedera-

tion of British industry's quarterly survey which many operators had anticipated would be bullish on the U.K. economy.

will continue in the coming months, which analysts said tempered some of the recent fears over inflation. By 1420 GMT the FTSE 100 index was up 28.9 to Tuesday's high of 2,362.8.

indications in the survey that Britain's economy is overheating.

Last week's U.K. trade figures showing a current account deficit

raised inflation worries and hit share prices hard on Monday.

Gains of up to 11/16 point in government bonds gave support to the equity market as did better than expected half year trading figures from National Westminster Bank.

Natwest reported pretax profits of £251 million in the six

Horoscope

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Some delays or unplea-

sant conditions this morning could cause anxiety, but later in the day you'll be able to control things pretty much as you wish. Be well-rounded.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Be sure to keep any prom-

ises you have made to your family. Breaking them could

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Your mate may be in a poor mood this morning, but don't argue. Try to humor him or her and the evening will be happy.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Some friends who you

really enjoy would be just the thing to brighten up the

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) A message

you receive this morning may cause some worries, but

try to put them behind you. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Be very wary of strangers this evening. Caution should be used in any investments

yon make today on advice from friends.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Don't ask questions of someone you dislike; just avoid this individual. He'd

probably be wrong anyway.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take some time to think

over your situation. Perhaps a quiet conversation with

a good friend would help matters. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You may meet with

opposition when going after a goal this morning, so plan

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Someone you're

counting on for support may not agree with you this morning, but there may be a change of heart. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have some

piled up work which needs attention. Finish it early so

the afternoon will be all yours.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Your mate may not agree with your plan at the start, but when properly informed, he or she will be enthusiastic.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Don't let an annoyed

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will

have great organizational ability and a talent for delegating authority. Teach your child early not to be overly critical of others, hnt rather to have patience and explain what is desired. A musical ability is indicated,

partner interfere with your scheduling. An opportuni-

from the Carroll Righter Institute

cause a lot of tension.

ty will arise after bunch.

so you may want to supply training.

mood at home, so invite them in.

months to the end of June against £482 million previously, well ahead of the £127 million pretax forecast by some analysts.

Dealers said participants took heart from the absence of

The CBI said it was optimistic that output and orders growth

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

One ounce of gold 454,00/454,50

second Turkish pipeline

Iraqi oil flows through

nean terminal at Iskenderun, the official Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported.

The new pipeline with a capacity of 500,000 barrels per day (b/d) boosted Iraq's oil export ability through Turkey to 1.5 million b/d.

Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi said in a message to President Saddam Hussein: "Iraqi oil through the second pipeline reached the loading terminal on the Turkish shores at the Mediterranean at 10 o'clock this morning." He said that with the comple-

tion of this project combined with share equal to Iran's 2.37 million.

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq's other procedures he did not descend oil pipeline through Turkey was commissioned Monday with oil reaching the Mediterranean terminal at lebendaria and three million b/d.

Iraq's seven-year-old war with Iran has cut its exports through the Gulf, while a pipeline through Syria to the Mediterranean has also been closed.

It has maintained exports via its first pipeline through Turkey and another line through Saudi Arabia to the Red Sea port of Yanbu. Saudi Arabia and Kuwait have also been pumping oil on behalf of Iraq from their joint Neutral Zone field.

Iraq has refused to accept its current OPEC assigned quota of 1.54 million b/d, demanding a

Aquino assails creditors

MANILA, Philippines (AP) — President Corazon Aquino lashed out at the country's foreign creditors Monday, accusing them of taking undue and unfair advantage of the Philippines' economic difficulties.

Mrs. Aquino made the charge her "state of the nation" address at the opening session of a new U.S.-style congress elected

"It is my sad duty to report to you that the results of the recently concluded debt renegotiations are far short of expectations and, more importantly, of our urgent needs," Mrs. Aquino said.

She was referring to the July 17 signing in New York of a loan rescheduling agreement between the Philippines and a committee ones.

representing more than 300 commercial banks.

The agreement rescheduled \$9.3 billion in loans maturing between January 1987 and December 1992 as a new credit repayable over 17 years with an interest rate of 0.875 per cent over the London Inter Bank Offered Rate. The agreement involved extending \$3 billion in short-term credits for another

The Philippines had asked for a longer repayment period and lower interest. It has a foreign debt of \$28 billion and has been complaining that interest pay-ments alone eat up nearly half of its export earnings, leaving little to expand businesses or open new

Venezuelan, Mexican chiefs call for shared debt burden

MEXICO CITY (R) — The pres-idents of Veneznela and Mexico In their speeches, the two lea have called for the international financial community to ease Latin America's debt burden to stimulate growth in the region.

Venezuela's Jaime Lusinchi and Mexico's Miguel De La Madrid, speaking Monday night at a dinner marking the beginning of President Lusinchi's four-day visit here, said Latin American growth and political stability are more important than debt repay-

"We insist that in order to pay it is necessary to grow, that our first commitment is to respond to the legitimate requirements of our people in favour of develop-ment," President De La Madrid

Mexico is Latin America's

In their speeches, the two lead-ers stressed the need for compromise to avoid confrontation between developed countries and the Third World on debt matters.

"It is indispensable to find a sensible balance between the demands of debt payments and the requirements for progress and well-being of our populations that cannot be postponed," President Lusinchi said.

"This is a matter that does not admit unilateral decisions, which calls for means of understanding and agreement," he said.

President De La Madrid, meanwhile, spoke of the need for a "new focus" and "innovative responses" to the region's debt

second largest debtor, after Bra-zil, owing \$103 billion, while Venezuela ranks fourth, with a say," he said.

OPEC wants to shape oil market

TOKYO (R) - The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) should make more effort to influence the oil market rather than merely react to it, its president, Mr. Riwalnu Lukman said Monday.

The price and extraction rate of oil "should not be left to be determined by traders, middlemen and speculators," the OPEC chief said in a speech to an industry body.

The interests of such people "have so far not shown any convergence towards the short and long-term interest of the peoples of the producing and consuming countries," he said.

OPEC decisions from 1980-1986 "may have seemed synonymous with passive reactions to market developments brought about by ... disruptive policies of some major consumers and non-OPEC oil producers," he said.

UNCTAD remains divided

GENEVA (Agencies) — Major differences still divide rich and poor countries attending the U.N. Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) with the focus on whether it should direct action to cure the world's economic problems or merely assess their nature and extent, delegates here said.

key committees covering trade, debt, commodities and least developed countries have completed their work without agree-

A small group under confer-ence chairman, Mr. Bernard Chidzero, Zimbabwe's minister of finance, economic planning and development, is now working against time to find common ground for an acceptable concin-

The conference is due to end Friday but with Mr. Chidzero due to fly to Harare Tuesday on a one-day trip to present his annual budget, delegates said it is likely to overshoot its deadline. But the United States, with a

relatively low-ranking delegation, is committed to departing on Saturday, leaving UNCTAD to conclude its work or risk American non-participation in its final document, a U.S. official said.

Some committee work broke down over the weekend. Developing country officials said de-veloped nations were only prepared to analyse problems rather than say what action should be

Western delegates say developing countries had clear warning

After nearly three weeks, four not to expect too much from the

seventh UNCTAD. So far the most significant development at the conference has been the support given to UN-CTAD's Common Fund for Commodities which was launched at the fourth UNCTAD in Nairobi and negotiated here in 1980.

UNCTAD commodity head,

Mr. Havelock Brewster of Guyana, told Reuters reaching the ratification process was just a formality following support given over the past two weeks, with first payments in the fund being made about the end of the year. This has been welcomed by heads of the international cocoa and sugar organisations as a way to boost consumption and diver-

sify economies respectively. lo an independent report Japanese chairman, Mr. Makoto Taniguichi, of the UNCTAD committee on resources, which includes the vital topic of debt, called for responsible action by

debtors and creditors. Discussions have focused on ways of recycling the huge trade surplus of countries like Japan and lessening or restructuring the debt burden of the poorest coun-

Mr. Taniguichi's report said

lored to each country's needs hut debtor nations must raise savings and investment, reduce inflation and improve efficiency.

At the same time official and private lending had to be increased and major developed nations must support the growth and stability of the world eco-

But his report, while marking some convergences of views, was submitted to the president's contact group with a series of adden-da outlined the diverging views of many of the delegations.

The commodity committee produced a report with little apparent agreement although de-legates said this disguised progress made before the meeting broke up late Saturday. The other two committees ended with developed and developing countries still holding separate posi-

> Knwait calls for joint action to ease world economic crisis

Kuwait has appealed for "constructive cooperation" between developed countries and the Third World in a bid to overcome the current international econo-

In a speech delivered Monday on behalf of Kuwaiti Commerce and Industry Minister Faisal Abdul Razak Al Khaled, it was emphasised that international economic development depended

ing those "that are less for-

tunate. . Sheikh Al Khaled pointed out that the international monetary system needed to be reorganised

to guarantee flow of capital to

Third World states. The address, read to delegates on the minister's hehalf hy Kuwait's permanent representative to the U.N.'s European headquarters, Dr. Salem Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, pointed out that hurdles had been created in the Third World's march towards progress by the adverse pressures

put on developing states. Protectionist measures, restrictions and difficult conditions applied by developed countries, he said, impeded international development and led to "economic deterioration worldwide."

Sheikh Al Khaled warned that international development would not be fulfilled "unless the rich and the poor work jointly," stressing the need for establishing a new international economic

Kuwait, he asserted, had made "every effort" to enhance development cooperation between both sides and had assisted Third World states in implementing economic and social development

He said despite the fall in international oil prices, Kuwait had continued to fund development plans and had allocated some 3.8 per cent of its gross national product between 1983 and 1985 for this purpose.

Economist sees

no end to world

TRAVERSE CITY, Michigan

(R) — President Reagan's proposal to phase out worldwide farm

subsidies within 10 years is doomed to failure, economist John Kenoeth Galbraith said

There is absolutely no chance

of this kind of move being suc-cessful," the Harvard University

professor told the annual meeting

of U.S. state governors.

The plan's only redeeming feature, he said, is that those who made the proposal will be out of office and escape hlame hy the time "the inevitable non-result"

The White House has proposed

farm subsidies

.German trade surplus widens

BONN (R) - West Germany Monday posted a 9.5 per cent rise in its trade surplus for the first six months of this year compared to the year before and economists said 1987's trade surplus would probably match last year's record

high level. In the first six months of 1987 the trade surplus rose to 55.5 billion marks (\$30 billion) from 50.7 billion (\$27.4 billion) in the same period last year, according to the Federal Statistics Office.

Like Japan's, the West German surplus contrasts with the deficit being run by the United States. The Reagan administration has repeatedly called on Bonn to stimulate domestic demand for goods in its economy, to boost imports and ease the global trade imbalances.

Economists said the trade surplus showed few signs of narrow- - But as import prices fell on June 1986.

(\$640.6 million), wsa 49.3 per

Analysts had predicted first-half profits of between £70 and £74 million (\$122 and \$128 m.

"Demand from the financial

markets was strong for Reuters

information and dealing products

and for clients systems produced

cent higher.

ing significantly.
"If the dollar continues to firm, it is hard to see the trade surplus falling at all in 1987," said Mr. Hubert Kreuer, at Westdeutsche Landeshank Girozentrale in Duesseldorf.

He did not expect the 1987 trade surplus to fall below 100 billion marks (\$54 billion).

The surplus advanced to a record 112.2 billion marks (\$60.6 billion) in 1986, from 73.4 billion marks (\$39.7 billion) in 1985.

But the government has argued that, although imports are falling in value, West German purchases of foreign goods are rising in volume terms. Imports fell a nominal 6.3 per

cent to 201.1 billion marks to end-June.

(\$108.6 billion) in the six months

LONDON (R) - Reuters Hold- by our subsidiary Rich Inc," man- Europe was particularly strong,

ings Plc, the news and financial information organisation, Monday announced pre-tax profits of £81.6 million (\$130.6 million) for the first half of 1987, up 42.6 per cent on the same period last year.

Revenue, at £400.4 million was 49.3 ner (\$640.6 million). Was 49.3 ner (\$640.

performance in the second half of

buoyant and, subject to currency

and other uncertainties, we do

expect continued good progress," Mr. Renfrew said.

mas said revenue growth in

Financial controller Chris Tho-

"However, new orders are

average by around 10 per cent in this period, imports rose by just under four per cent in real terms, while exports were unchanged in real terms, the statistics office

terms in the first six months of

Mr. Ute Geipel, head of re-search at Citibank A.G. in Frank-furt, said it was significant that exports were stagnant in real

1987 despite the additional strength of the mark. The stronger mark has not hit West Germany's export-oriented economy as hard as many eco-

nomists predicted. In June, West Germany posted a trade surplus of a provisional 8.3 billion marks (\$4.4 billion), down from 10.6 billion marks

(\$5.7 billion) in May and 9.9 billion marks (\$5.3 billion) in Reuters posts 42.6% profit rise

domestic deposit rates.

works.

Mr. Renfrew said the company

was working hard to integrate recent acquisitions — Instinct in

the United States and J.P. Sharp

Associates and Securities Clear-

ing International Corporation in

Canada — into worldwide net-

an end to all restrictive policies, price supports and subsidies by industrial nations over a 10-year period to create a theoretical free agriculture market which would

Monday.

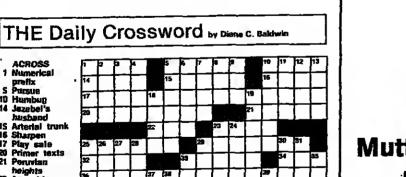
put production in touch with de-Dr. Galbraith told the governors: "If anything, the other countries are more in touch with agricultural reality than we are. There, as with us, for a full 50

years, there has been a steady movement away from the free market." "No country, not Canada, not the EC, not Japan, not Switzer-

land ...leaves its farmers to the market. Every country has moved in to have some control over the price, the returns to farmers," he said.

"This, not hopeful or vacuous oratory on the free market, will continue to rule," he said.

Peanuts



14 Jezebel's husband husband
15 Arterial trunk
16 Sharpen
17 Play sale
20 Primer texts
21 Peruvian
heights
22 Am. ship
letters
23 Tittle
25 Graces
29 Rademption
tickets
32 Opera (avori tickets
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33 Cleopatra's
transport
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Mutt'n' Jeff







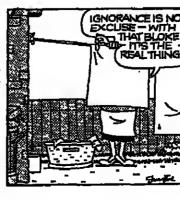


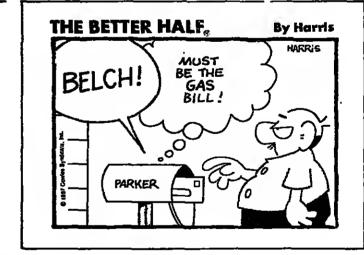
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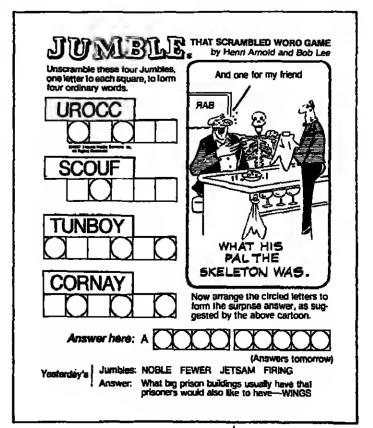












Manila to get tough on U.S. bases

MANILA (Agencies) — The future of U.S. military bases in the Philippines is likely to determine ties between the two countries, President Corazon Aquino's spokesman said Tuesday.

Teodoro Benigno said Mrs. Aquino, who has called on her American allies to provide more military and economic aid to rebuild the Philippine economy and help Manila fight Communist insurgents, had reached a "threshold" in patience.

"There is a gap between what the Americans are promising and what they have delivered so far." Mr. Benigno told reporters.

The bases question will certainly be taken into very serious consideration in determining the future shape of Philippine-American relations," he said.

Mr. Benigno spoke hours after U.S. representative Stephen Solarz said Washington was looking at possible new locations for the bases, the largest American military installations outside the continental United States.

The new Philippine congress, which opened Monday, is to decide on whether or not to renew the bases agreement, which expires in 1991.

Many in congress, the country's first elected legislature in 15 years, promised during election campaigns to get tough with the United States by either throwing ont the bases or demanding better terms for their stay.

Washington is hoping for the best, but is planning ahead in case of bad news, U.S. diplomats said.

"The bases play an important role in helping the U.S. preserve the peace and monitor the balance of power in Asia," Mr. Solarz, head of a U.S. congressional delegation here for the opening of congress, said

practice off Japan when a Malay-

sian freighter was hit by a projec-

tile near Okinawa, southern

Japan, a U.S. military spokesman

cooperating with Japanese au-thorities to investigate an incident Monday night that badly injured one of the Pomex Saga's 21 Fibipi-

Pinochet's personal security

squad was shot dead by sup-

posed leftist guerrillas, police

Folice Sergeant Tolosa Sepul-

vedra was ambushed by four

hooded men in a street in a

suburb of Santiago, according to

had worked as a member of the

Police source said Sepulvedra

Responsibility for the attack,

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Both vuinerable. North deals.

NORTH

♥ R Q 2 ♦ J 10 4

SOUTH

★8652

♥A 108

WEST

♦A753

The bidding:

North East

2 NT Pass

Pass

Opening lead: Jack of 4

singleton, play the ace!"

♣J 10974 ♥652

#Q9742

EAST

4Q3 ∇J974

410863

0862

2 NT

Pass

A regular kibitzer at a famous

New York club, many years ago,

was given to pontificating after the fact. So much so that, in time, he

acquired the nickname of The

Rabbi. Onc of his more famous

dicta has become known as The

Rabbi's Rule: "When the king is

North-South reached three no

trump in quick time. Since his hand was perfectly balanced, South es-

chewed showing his shabby four-

card suit in favor of two no trump.

North's raise to game was

Pass

THE RABBI'S RULE

East correctly played his queen of spades under the king at trick

one. Declarer took the club finesse

losing to the king. West knocked

out the remaining spade stopper and, when West showed out on the

second club, declarer had only seven tricks. He tried to establish

two tricks in diamonds, but West had the ace and three spade tricks

The Rabbi would have made the

contract, and so should a careful bridge player. With five fast tricks,

declarer needs only four from the club suit to get home. Therefore,

the correct play at trick two was a low club to the ace. When the king

drops, it is a simple matter to set up a fourth trick in the suit while

there is still a spade stopper on the

concede a trick in the suit, he cross-

es to dummy with a heart and leads

a club to the jack. All is well if the

suit breaks 3-2, regardless of who

has the king. And what if the suit breaks 4-1? If West has the four

clubs, declarer can still make

enough tricks in the suit. If East

has the club length, declarer will

have to hope that East, not West,

What if the king of clubs does not drop? Since declarer can afford to

for down one.

an official communique.

president's bodyguard.

He said the U.S. Navy was

said Tuesday.

Tanker hit by U.S. Navy

planes during exercises

"We think its in the interests of both countries to keep them here,

but ultimately, the Filipino people will have to decide," he said. U.S. diplomats say Washington is carrying out in-depth studies on other potential homes for Clark Air Force Base and Subic Naval-Base, which are used as staging points for U.S. military exercises attempt to escape.

in the region. Possible alternatives being looked at by Washington include the Pacific islands of Guam and Palau, but U.S. military sources say such relocations would mean having to split up the bases and settle for inferior conditions.

Subic on the west coast of Luzon, the Philippines' largest island, has one of the finest natural deep water ports in the world and Clark nearby has thousands of acres of land for air force

"If you look at U.S. bases from South Korea and Japan down to Guam, you can see that moving the bases from this spot would leave a huge hole in the defence of the region," one U.S. military official told Reuters.

He said a possible move to Guam, for instance, 2,500 kilometres east of Philippines, would take U.S. forces far from possible hostilities in the South China Sea and the strategic Strait of Malacca between Malaysia and

Indonesia. "If something happened there and we had to respond, it would take air force planes about nine or ten hours roundtrip from Guam. From the Philippines, you're talking about two or three bours tops," the official said.

fied aircraft dropping an object

on the ship."

Japan's Maritime Safety Agen-

Mrs. Aquino has ordered the military to take all necessary measures to prevent the escape of a captured renegade colonel linked to right-wing plots to topple her government, her spokesman said Tuesday.

Mr. Benigno told the reporters that upon learning of the capture of former Col. Rolando Abadilla on Monday, Mrs. Aquino immediately phoned Lt.-Gen. Rolando De Villa, the vice chiefof-staff, "to make sure that Col. Abadilla does not escape or

"I must say I am very pleased with the capture of Abadilla," Mr. Benigno quoted Mrs. Aquino as telling him and other officials Tuesday.

He said Mrs. Aquino had invited the officers directly involved in the capture to the presidential palace later Tuesday to

personally commend them.

Meanwhile, Col. Aniano Desierto of the military judge advo-cate general's office said he was preparing charges of illegal posion of firearms as well as subversion and mutiny against Col. Abadilla, who was being held under 24-hour guard at a suburban military camp.

Subversion and mintiny are punishable by life imprisonment under an executive order Mrs. Aquing signed a few days ago.

Col. Abadilla, intelligence officer for the Manila area under deposed President Ferdinand

Marcos, was dropped from the military rolls in May after being absent without leave for months. He was a leading figure in the July 1986 coup attempt at the Manila Hotel and was linked to several more plots to topple Mrs. Aquiao and restore Marcos to

Col: Abadilla went into hiding with two other officers - Lt.-

Panamanian troops attack TOKYO (R) — U.S. Navy ment that the freighter "reported an incident involving an unidentihome of renegade

cy said earlier at least two shots, believed to be rockets from uncolonel identified aircraft, hit the 5,922 PANAMA CITY (R) — Government troops attacked the home of tonne freighter as it cruised near Okinawa on its way from Taiwan a renegade army colonel who has to Nagoya in Japan.
The bridge and a toilet were General Manuel Autonio hit and projectile fragments were

The spokesman said in a state- found aboard, the agency said. Notiega of murder and other crimes, witnesses said. There were conflicting reports Pinochet bodyguard shot dead about the circumstances and outcome of the attack on the home

SANTIAGO (Agencies) — A which the communique said was member of President Augusto carried out by terrorists, was not the military's former second-inimmediately claimed by any In the past, responsibility for Alvin Weeden, Col. Diaz's lawyer, told reporters Col. Diaz such killings has been claimed by had been wounded in the attack either the Manuel Rodriguez Pat-

but that he had no way of knowriotic Front (FPMR) or the Reing the extent of his injuries. He said his client had been volutionary Left Movement (MIR) guerrilla groups.

In a separate development the taken to the attorney general's office, apparently to face criminal charges. Mr. Weeden said he had West German Foreign Ministry said Monday there is mounting been denied access to Col. Diaz evidence that 14 prisoners facing and based his information solely the death sentence in Chile were

on reports from the Roman tortured by authorities. Catholic Church.. The military announced this afternoon that 45 people were GOREN BRIDGE

arrested in the attack. Col. Diaz, 49, a cousin of the late Panamanian leader General Omar Torrijos Herrera, had been holed-up inside his palatial home surrounded by bodygnards ever since he unleashed his accusations against Gen. Noriega on

A report read over government television by Maj. Edgardo Lopez, head of the military press office, said an unspecified quantity of arms had been confiscated at Col.Diaz's home after a brief shootout that lasted seven minutes and ended at 7:17 a.m.

local time (1217 GMT). The report contradicted witnesses' accounts who said the shooting outside Col. Diaz's home in the exclusive Altos Del Golf district of the capital lasted more than four hours.

There were unconfirmed reports that as many as six people died in the shootout, but the military communique said "there were no deaths or injuries from

Maj. Lopez confirmed in an interview late Monday evening that Col. Diaz had been placed "under the attorney general's custody Maj. Lopez denied reports the

former colonel had been injured or roughed up, however, saying:
"We don't do that kind of thing."
He said it was likely that Col. Diaz would face a variety of criminal charges including illegal weapons possession and sedition.

A military list with the names of the 45 people, apart from Coi. Diaz, who were detained included several of Col. Diaz's family members. It also included Norma Nunez Montoto, a correspondent for a small Latin American news agency and member of the local Foreign Correspon-

dent's Association. A university professor and Ham radio operator said the siege ended at about 9:35 a.m.

Col. Reynaldo Cabauatan and Brig.-Gen. Jose Zumel — after soldiers attacked two Manila-area military garrisons and took over a

cessful coup bid in January. Manila area commander Brig.-Gen. Alexander Aguirre said Col. Abadilla was arrested at his suburban Manila home, which had been under surveillance for a month. He said Col. Abadilla. who had an M-16 rifle, three pistols and a carbine in his home.

broadcast complex in an unsuc-

offered no resistance. In a separate development, government troops killed five Communist guerrillas in a skir-mish shortly before a land mine explosion killed 18 soldiers in another province, the military reported Tuesday.

The report said troopers recovered the body of one of the rebels but the others were carried away by the insurgents after the fighting Monday in Tayabas town, Quezon province, 96 kilometres south east of Manila.

One M-16 rifle and one .45caliber pistol were found at the site of the clash, the report said. It added that more soldiers were sent to the area, a Communist

stronghold, to pursue the rebels. In northern Kalinga-Apayao province, 18 soldiers were killed Monday and six were wounded by a land mine planted by rebels. A military report said the soldiers were on their way to help an army company besieged by the rebels

Bus crash in Brazil kills 51 RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP)

 A bus carrying religious pil-grims crashed head on into another bus in east-central Brazil rilling at least 51 people and injuring dozens of others, high-way police has said.

The accident occurred on Sun-

day night on an interstate high-way about 40 kilometres south of Belo Horizonte, Brazil's thirdlargest city. Patrolman Helio Sueleno said

Monday a bus carrying pilgrims from a religious festival apparently got into the wrong lane and collided with a bus from Rio

carrying 40 passengers.
"The pilgrims' bus was over-loaded, but we don't know how many people were on it because victims are scattered all over in different hospitals," Sueleno said

Nakasone successor to be named on Oct. 31

Yasuhiro Nakasone as its leader at a convention on Oct. 31, a

party spokesman said Tuesday.

The new party president will later be elected prime minister by parliament because of the LDP majority.

The LDP's decision-making Executive Council formally decided the primary election of the president by all party card-car-riers would be held on Oct. 28 and a run-off election by LDP legislators on Oct. 30.

However, the final election date could be advanced to any time after Oct. 8, when the registration of candidates is closed, if the primary is not held. Under party rules a primary is not necessary if the number of candidates is three or less.

TOKYO (R) — Japan's ruling
Liberal Democratic Party will inMr. Nakasone, whose term ends
on Oct. 30, are Finance Minister
on Oct. 30, are Finance Finance Kiichi Miyazawa, former Finance Minister Noboru Takeshita and former Foreign Minister Shintaro

A fourth but minor contender is former LDP Vice-President Susumn Nikaido.

A newspaper survey published Tuesday showed Mr. Miyazawa was favoured as next prime minis-ter by 39.5 per cent of 44 business leaders because of his economic expertise, followed by Mr. Abe with 18.4 per cent for his diplomatic finesse and Mr. Takeshita with 10.5 per cent for the biggest number of followers within the LDP.

Earlier this month Mr. Takeshita formed a 113-membe faction within the LDP, which has 446 members in parlia

India to send observers to Sri Lanka — Gandhi

NEW DELHI (R) — Prime' the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Minister Rajiv Gandhi said Tues- Eelam (LTTE), of reneging on an Eelam (LTTE), of reneging on an day that India would send obserearlier promise to accept the pact, Mr. Prasad added. vers to Sri Lanka to help monitor the progress of a pact aimed at ending the island's ethnic ing Indian opposition leaders: LTTE had some assurances on

Mr. Gandhi also indicated that a peace-keeping force could be established in Sri Lanka but gave no other details about the observers or the force, said Sharda Prasad, information adviser to the prime minister.

Mr. Prasad told reporters Mr. Gandhi would go ahead with his plan to leave for Colombo Wednesday to sign the pact to end the island's four-year-old Tamil separatist rebellion which has claimed more than 6,000

Mr. Gandhi, who said Indian opposition leaders generally

withdrawal of (Sri Lankan) forces on which we got Sri Lankan to agree ... LTTE consists of only 2,000 young people and barring them, all other Tamil groups have welcomed the proposal."

He quoted Mr. Gandhi as tell-

The pact, proposed by Col-ombo and backed by India which has been mediating in the conflict, envisages setting up an autonomous council for northern and eastern provinces where most of Sri Lanka's Tamils live.

Mr. Prabhakaran had three days of talks with Indian officials in New Delhi but rejected the plan, saying he disagreed with a backed the peace plan, accused condition that the guerrillas Velunillai Prabhakaran, leader of should surrender their arms.

Indian parliament adjourns after dispute over bribery

NEW DELHI (R) — The Indian Parliament was adjourned Tuesday after a half hour of pandemonium followed opposition accusations of government corruption.
At the start of the first business

session of the new sitting, the opposition parties refused to allow the scheduled question time to proceed.

Showing rare unity, they dein an interview from Belo Hori- manded admission of a censure zonte, 464 kilometres north west motion over alleged bribes paid to government members in

Allegations of illegal payments to secure the sale of field guns for the Indian army by the Swedish Bofors Company surfaced in April and the issue has still not been cleared up.

Speaker Balram Jakhar, after repeated attempts to restore order, adjourned the house saying all debate must be accord-

100 Indians die daily in road accidents NEW DELHI (R) — More than billion rupees" (\$480 million), Trust of India quoted him as 100 people are killed in an averMr. Pilot told the inaugural meetsaying.

age day on Indian roads, Minister ing of the National Road Safety of State for Surface Transport Council. Rajesh Pilot said Tuesday.

A total of 215,000 mishaps along India's highways killed over 40,000 people in 1986, costing the

"This clearly brings out the gravity of the accident situation in along India's highways killed over 40,000 people in 1986, costing the Indian government "a colossal six with the problem," the Press

Despite regulations, many Indians drive without licences and

many vehicles are visibly unroad-Buses speeding along narrow

highways are invariably over-crowded, with passengers sometimes riding on the roof.

Jane's: NASA lost will to fly people in space

LONDON (AP) — The U.S. space agency has become excessively cautious since the space shuttle Challenger exploded and "has lost the will to fly men in space," the 1987 edition of Jane's Spacelight Directory says. The yearbook, published Tues-

day, is a 551-page roundup of developments in the world's space programmes. It is issued by Jane's Publishing Company, which puts out a range of author-itative yearbooks on military and civil topics.

Reginald Turnill, editor of the Spacelight Directory, wrote in the introduction that the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) "continues to be deflected from its painful and apparently ineffective efforts at reorganisation by political arguments with Congress and (the) Department of De-

Turnill wrote that, after visiting NASA facilities, he was dubious about the announcement in May that the next shuttle flight would not take place before January. He said he found "many who

doubted whether there would be a resumption before 1989 and even some in high places who thought shuttle Mission 26 might not occur before 1990. "The fact is that currently

NASA has lost the will to fly men in space. ... There are apparently some 2,000 people now con-cerned with safety, reliability and quality assurance' - people whose own safety can be ensured only by saying 'no," he said.

NASA's caution follows the revelations of quality problems in the space shuttle programme that contributed to the Jan. 25, 1986, explosion of the Challenger shurtle and the deaths of its seven crew members.

Turnill wrote that "disarray" in the U.S. space programme has had unfavourable impact on the programmes of Europe, Canada deuts that m and Japan, while the Soviet space acts of war.

effort is advancing steadily with the Mir space station, which has been in orbit since February

"It is time for the West, and the U.S. in particular, to worry less about the nightmare of 'technology transfer and to worry. more about the lessons to be learned by making a close study of what our Eastern rivals are doing," the editor wrote.

He said the first launch in May of the Soviet heavy booster called Energia, capable of putting 100 tonnes in orbit, was "a significant highlight in the methodical, largeunwavering progress of the

Soviet space programme."
Such giant boosters can be used to build a large base in space for a managed expedition to Mars, and the Soviets "have no intention of being beaten to that, as they were to the moon,"Turnill wrote.
He noted that France had col-

laborated with the Soviets in space for 20 years and other European countries, including Britain and West Germany, have now had equipment installed on the Soviet Mir space station.

The West European countries all want to develop industrial bases in space technologies and they may turn more to the Soviet space station, which offers "microgravity facilities for almost unlimited periods of time," Turnill

Meanwhile, the United States is likely to offer only limited space to other countries' experiments on the shuttles when they resume flying, he wrote.

He described West European ideas for an independent manned space plane as bogged down in design difficulties and hampered by low funding.

Turnill also wrote that the increase in the number of objects — and debris — in orbit is a growing problem and there is a need to guard against "space accidents that might be construed as

As an example, he cited the U.S. decision to delay the launch of a Star Wars experiment in September 1986 because of concern that part of it might have collided with the Soviet Salyut 7 space station, which had unexpectedly manoeuvred into a new

As to debris in space, Turnill wrote that bits of exploded rockets and old satellites inevitably will cause disastrous accidents. "As in the case of Challenger

everyone relies on statistics tending to suggest that such accidents will be later rather than sooner," he wrote.

As of last Dec. 31, there were 6,237 objects in orbit, according to NASA statistics in the year-book. Since Oct. 4, 1957, when the Sputnik satellite was launched to inaugurate space flight, 17,304 objects have been shot into space.

NASA disagrees

In Washington, NASA spokes-man David Garrett said Monday "we couldn't disagree more" The United States space programme is coming back, stronger, safer and better than ever before. "We're fixing the shuttle and

are preparing to fly it again next June," Mr. Garrett said. "We're beginning to develop a space station to give us a permanent presence in space.

"We're researching the technologies to build an aerospace plane to give us even greater capabilities in orbit and we are laying the groundwork for even greater human expansion into space in the years ahead by using the space station as a staging base for further exploration of the moon and Mars.

"Americans have never shirked a challenge," the NASA spokesman said. "We will accept both the challenges and the risks of space flight as long as we continue to want to know."

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Snake fight stops traffic in Goa

PANAII, India (R) — A three-hour fight between a cobra and a rat snake outside a tourist hotel brought traffic to a standstill in Mapuca, a town in the former Portuguese colony of Goa, witnesses have said. "The snakes fought from three to six on Saturday evening. There was a traffic jam and spectators blocked the roads, stopping their cars and motorcycles to watch," said John Borges, a guard at the hotel. Hindus consider cobras sacred and believe interfering with them could lead to divine retribution. Perhaps for that reason police declined to interfere and nobody was willing to pay the 50 rupees (\$4) demanded by a local snake charmer to separate the reptiles. The snakes eventually called it quits and the fight ended in a draw.

Seoul police shoot escaped jaguar

SEOUL (R) — Police said Tuesday they had shot dead a jaguar which escaped from a zoo in southern Seoul when its cage was smashed by a rain triggered landslide. Hundreds of armed police and professional hunters had combed a mountain near the zoo, warning people not to make unnecessary trips outdoors in case the animal attacked them.

Experts probe Stone Age cannibalism

LONDON (R) — British archaeologists have unearthed bones in an ancient cave pointing to the possibility of Stone Age cannibalism in Britain, a spokesman for the natural history museum said Tuesday, Human bones found in Gough's Cave in south west England indicated that at least seven people were butchered there some 12,000 years ago, the spokesman told Reuters. He said the findings included part of an adult skull, with parallel incision marks that show where stone tools were used to remove skin and flesh, and another skull that had been chipped away so that the brain could be extracted whole. Archaeologists were investigating whether the remains had been cannibalised, either for food or ritual purposes. Experts say the cave discoveries are important because relatively little evidence of cannibalism exists among hunter-gatherer societies such as those that existed in Britain during the Stone Age. At the site, archaeologist Roger Jacobi told reporters: "This is the best collection of human bones of this period found anywhere in northern Europe."

AIDS education urged for youngsters

TRAVERSE CITY, Michigan (R) — A committee of U.S. state governors has recommended that AIDS prevention education should be provided to all school children, including those not old enough to be sexually active. The proposal faces a vote by the 42 governors attending the annual meeting of state chief executives here. It was approved by the committee with almost no debate; reflecting the growing level of fear about acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). "It is essential that AIDS education be provided in the schools, by incorporating this information into the health education curriculum wherever possible," the policy statement said. It called for "preventive efforts directed at our young people, before they reach the age when they may engage in behaviours that place them at risk of infection..." The statement stopped short of saying AIDS education should be required in schools. It did not address the question of whether blood tests for the AIDS virus should be required, but recommended that results of such tests be kept confidential. Several U.S. states are considering laws, or have enacted statutes, which require AIDS tests in certain circumstances, such as for marriage licence

Teenager charged with killing

ALBUQUERQUE (R) - A teenage woman was charged with kidnapping and strangling a pregnant woman whose baby was cut from her dead body, a district attorney said. Barci Pierce, 19, of Portland, Oregon, was being held in lieu of a \$500,000 bond in the death of Cindy Lynn Ray, 23, of Payson, Utah, said Bernalillo County District Attorney Steve Schiff. The baby girl, which is alive and reported to be in good condition, was carved from Ray's uterus "by means of a crude Cesarean-type operation, possibly involving a sharpened car key," police said. They said Ray was strangled before the 8½-month-old foetus was removed. Police found the mother's body early Friday after Pierce confessed to having abducted her at gunpoint from a health clinic parking lot at nearby Kirtland Air Force base. The gun was later discovered to be a toy, police said. Pierce told doctors at the Bernahillo Medical Centre on Thursday that she had given birth to the six-pound, eight-ounce (2.8-kilogramme) baby girl after a traffic accident. Doctors summoned police after examining Pierce and determining she was not the mother.

Turkish airliner clips treetops

BRAUNSCHWEIG, West Germany (AP) — A Turkish Airlines jetliner with 48 people aboard clipped off treetops for about 300 metres before landing safely at the Bonn airport over the weekend, a federal air safety spokesman has said. The incident weekend, a federal air safety spokesman has said. The incident occurred "about midnight Saturday," spokesman Christian-Heinz Schuberdt said. He did not say why the news had not been released earlier. The Boeing 721 airliner was carrying a crew of seven and 41 passengers. "The pilot and the passengers said they didn't notice a thing," said Schuberdt, spokesman for West Germany's Flight Investigation Office in the eastern city of Braunschweig. He said the plane cipped off "about 300 metre of the very tops of the trees," while about four kilometres away from the airport during a landing approach. He added that the rees "were about 10 metres tall," in the area where the jettiner scraped across. "If the plane had flown just a little lower, it could have across. "If the plane had flown just a little lower, it could have been a catastrophe," Schuberdt told the Associated Press in a telephone interview.

Dutch probe foreign prostitute ring

BERGEN OP ZOOM, Netherlands (AP) — Dutch police are investigating allegations in the Dutch press that up to 100 Filipino teen-agers have fraudulently been given Dutch passports and forced into prostitution in The Netherlands. Two suspects arrested in the affair allegedly approached unmarried or divorced Dutchmen and persuaded them to sign an acknowledgment of parenthood of a Filipino child, police spokesman Frie Delhez told the Associated Press. Under Dutch law, an illegitimate child whose parentage is acknowledged by a Dutch citizen automatically acquires Dutch nationality. Delhez claimed that the suspects then obtained Dutch passports for 80-100 Filipino boys and girls, all apparently from 14-17-years-old. "We don't know how many children arrived in The Netherlands," or what happened to them since then, he told the AP. Their purported Dutch fathers were paid 800 guilders (\$400) for signing the acknowledgement of parenthood, Delhez said. The Rotterdam daily Algemeen Dagblad said that the children were forced into prostitution once they entered The Netherlands. Delhez refused to confirm the press reports. The affair first came to light two weeks ago when police in this south western Dutch town received a tip that several local men would be asked to sign documents admitting parentage of an illegetimate Filipino teen-ager, Delhez added.

East Germans can bequeath car orders

BONN (R) — East Germans used to waiting up to 12 years for a new car can bequeath their orders to the family if they fear they might be dead by delivery time, Bonn's Inter-German Affairs Ministry said. In its weekly newsletter, the ministry quoted an East German state radio host as telling a listener the law allowed car orders to be passed on to surviving spouses or children. It said the current waiting period for cars built in the Communist state was between eight and 12 years.

ìRAQI-JORDANIAN LAND TRANSPORT CARGO FORWARDING UNITS TENDER

The Iraqi-Jordanian Land Transport Company announces the extension of offers submission to 12:00 hours on Tuesday

Director General Eng. Jamii Ibrahim

OF JULY 13, 14, 15, 1987

September 15, 1987.